

## THREE BAD WRECKS

### Thirteen Killed and Many Hurt in Sunday Accidents

#### Flames Added to Horror When Train Was Wrecked on Bridge

#### Two Freight Smashups in Which Several Lives Were Lost—Two B. & O. Engines Overturned on the Seventeen Mile Grade Near Piedmont, W. Va.

Piedmont, W. Va., Dec. 14.—Five men were killed and several severely injured by the overturning of two engines attached to a heavy B. & O. freight train on the "Seventeen-Mile Grade" Sunday, near this city. The dead:

Engineer Ernest D. Ervin, 28 years old, Cumberland, Md.  
Engineer Emory Ervin, 56, Tunnelton, W. Va.  
Fireman Walter B. Mine, 32, Terra Alta, W. Va.  
Fireman J. V. Carter, 28, North Carolina.  
Brakeman John Hays, 23, Staunton, Va.

The more seriously injured are: Engineer Michael J. Gibbon, 30 years of age, Cumberland, Md., fatally crushed.

Fireman E. C. Buckler, Terra Alta, W. Va., legs, arms and head cut and bruised.

Brakeman B. F. Bollinger, Grafton, W. Va., seriously crushed.  
While descending the "Seventeen-Mile Grade" the train, to which were attached two engines, left the track. The engines and nearly all of the 24 loaded cars tumbled into a deep ravine, carrying the trainmen with them. The tracks were torn up for nearly 100 yards.

#### FIVE KILLED, TEN HURT.

Ottumwa, Iowa, Dec. 14.—Five persons were killed and ten injured in a wreck Sunday on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road, three miles west of Albion, Iowa. The westbound passenger train was in some manner derailed while running on to the Cedar Creek bridge, and five cars were wrecked by collision with steel girders of the bridge. The wreckage immediately took fire and several of the victims were badly burned. The dead:

Mrs. W. E. Mitchem, Albion, Iowa.  
Mildred Mitchem, 3 years old.  
Thomas Beatty, killed in wreck of smoking car.  
Franklin, address unknown.  
The injured: W. P. Martin, Chicago, leg sprained; C. E. Blair, Laurel, Ia., leg sprained.

## DEMOCRATIC SENATORS

### Hold Caucus on the Cuban Reciprocity Bill—Conclusion Not to Offer Amendments to Measure—Vote to Be Taken On Wednesday.

Washington, Dec. 14.—The Democratic Senators in caucus on Saturday practically reached the conclusion not to offer any amendments to the Cuban reciprocity bill, when it is voted on in the Senate next Wednesday. The caucus was called at the instance of the Democratic Steering committee, which presented a recommendation against amendments, on the ground that if offered they, and not the bill itself, would be the basis of discussion. The caucus was an animated one and was sharply divided on the point at issue, some of the Senators contending that numerous amendments should be presented, and others holding out against any effort whatever to change the character of the bill, and standing for a straight party vote against it. The caucus continued until after the beginning of the regular daily session of the Senate, and in the end the committee went into its points.

#### OCEAN LINER HAS A ROUGH VOYAGE

London, Dec. 14.—The Atlantic Transport line steamer Menominee, from New York, December 3, for London, which put into Falmouth Sunday, reports that she encountered heavy gales and that when 500 miles west of the Shetland Islands, December 7, she had a terrible experience.

After the storm had somewhat abated the crew endeavored to make temporary repairs, but the Menominee drifted at the mercy of the sea for several days and she was driven back to within 500 miles of the Shetland Islands. Temporary repairs were eventually effected, and Captain Lucas decided to return to the nearest port. Tugs were sent from the Lizard to assist the Menominee, but she steamed to Falmouth, unassisted.

#### BRYAN RECEIVED BY POPE PIUS

Rome, Dec. 14.—William Jennings Bryan, accompanied by his son, was received in private audience by the pope Sunday.

Mr. Bryan was presented by Monsignor Kennedy, rector of the American college, who acted as interpreter.

His holiness spoke with interest of the Catholics in the United States.

After the audience Mr. Bryan expressed himself as highly pleased with the pope's kindly bearing.

Before going to the Vatican Mr. Bryan visited several of the interesting sights of Rome, including the Coliseum and the Roman forum. He took particular interest in the spot from which Cicero thundered his invectives against Cataline.

Later Mr. Bryan lunched with Ambassador Meyer.

## KAISER

### Reported to Be in a Most Favorable State of Health.

Berlin, Dec. 14.—Count Ballestrom, president of the Reichstag opened today's sitting of that body with the announcement that the Kaiser had received him and two vice presidents of the Reichstag this morning. His majesty expressed his thanks for the public sympathy with him during his recent illness. The emperor talked for nearly an hour on current affairs. His voice was clear and strong with the exception of a slight huskiness occasionally. Count Ballestrom said the emperor impressed him as being in a most favorable state of health.

The Reichstag greeted the announcement with enthusiasm, all but the socialists, who sat silent.

## MURDERER

### SUCCESSFULLY ELECTROCUTED AT SING SING PRISON

Ennis Brooklyn, Policeman Who Brutally Killed His Wife, Put to Death Monday Morning.

Ossining, N. Y., Dec. 14.—William Ennis, the Brooklyn policeman, who murdered his wife, was successfully electrocuted at Sing Sing prison at 5:57 this morning.

Wm. Ennis killed his wife in Brooklyn January 14, 1902. Ennis and his wife had been married only about a year when they quarreled and separated. The wife began an action for divorce and Ennis was directed to pay alimony. Early on the morning of the crime Ennis went to the home of his mother-in-law, where his wife was staying, and going to his mother-in-law's room, shot the woman in the breast while she was in bed. She later recovered. The murderer then went to his wife's room and told her he was going to kill her. She begged to be allowed to go to confession, but he told her he had been to communion and that was enough. He calmly loaded his revolver and when a sister of the deceased held up a child in front of the wife, Ennis threatened to kill all three. The wife started for another room when Ennis shot and killed her.

He then left the house and going to the Palace Hotel, secured a room. He was found there later by the police sleeping soundly.

## GOVERNOR'S WIFE

Becomes Convert of Religious Revivalist and Calls Off Inauguration Ball at Kentucky's Capital.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 14.—Owing to a "protracted meeting" which swept over Frankfort, Kentucky's capital the big ball which has always been a special feature of the inauguration of a Governor was declared off.

This has been brought about by a traveling evangelist, who has been inveighing against theatres, dancing and card playing for the last two weeks.

He spoke in the Opera House, the free use of which was donated to him. Governor and Mrs. Beckham have been constant attendants at the meetings, which have not only made many converts, but have divided the church.

The pastor of the church at which Mrs. Beckham was an attendant was actively in opposition to the movement and it is said for that reason Governor and Mrs. Beckham have withdrawn their membership.

Last Thursday the Opera House was to have been used by a traveling company of players, but not a seat was sold for the matinee, so the company packed up its trunks and left.

So seriously has Mrs. Beckham taken on the work of the evangelist that at her request the ball which was to have wound up the inaugural day for Governor Beckham was abandoned. The first time in the history of inaugurations in Kentucky.

## MANY BILLS

### ALREADY PROPOSED FOR THE COMING LEGISLATURE.

Such a Flood of New Bills Has No Equal in the Past History of Ohio.

Columbus, O., Dec. 14.—The flood of new bills that is already proposed for the coming session of the Legislature, means trouble for the big Republican majority. Many of these bills if passed into laws would radically change old and well established methods of conducting city, county and township governments. The following are a few of the many measures that are already proposed to be introduced:

To abolish the Fish and Game Commission and to lodge its powers in the hands of a single officer.

To exempt from taxation a certain percentage of wooded lands in order to set a premium upon forestry.

To compel the stamping of notes and mortgages by the assessor to make them valid in law.

To compel the registration, under severe penalties, of all births and deaths.

To place all state, eleemosynary, penal and charitable institutions under a single government board of trustees.

To place a royalty tax upon the output of minerals, including coal, for the benefit of the state.

To abolish the election of assessors and to provide for their appointment by Boards of Review and Equalization.

To create the office of Public Administrator to look after the interests of the state, county and individual in the Probate court.

To prohibit private bonds for public officials and to require the payment of fees for company bonds out of the treasury.

To make the forfeiture of a bond to operate as a judgment against the sureties in criminal cases.

To do away with spring elections and to choose state, county and municipal officers at the fall elections.

To confine the jurisdiction of justices of the peace in criminal cases to the township in which they are chosen.

To enlarge the power of Police courts, in order to meet the demands of modern times.

To provide counsel on behalf of the state and society in contested divorce cases to represent the defendants.

To require railroad companies to display truthful information concerning the delay of trains, so as to correct the present abuse in that direction.

To assess upon abutting property holders the entire cost of laying water mains instead of upon the municipality as a whole.

To extend the jurisdiction of juvenile courts to parents, in order to enforce measures for the protection of minor children.

To increase the number of peremptory challenges on behalf of the state in murder cases, the number now being two, as against 16 for the defendant.

To give the County Prosecuting Attorney the title of State's Attorney.

To make the Board of Review a continuous one, and giving it the power to review and correct decennial valuations at any time.

To establish a Court of Juvenile Correction in every county in the State.

To insure to a candidate elected to office his full compensation for the term, even though the office is abolished or declared unconstitutional.

To enlarge the powers of City Councils by giving them a wider jurisdiction in the enactment of police laws.

To permit policemen to draw witness fees in cases in which they appear, and to require them to turn the same into the police pension fund.

To create Municipal Courts in the larger cities having the same jurisdiction as Magistrates, save that in all misdemeanors it shall be final; in other words to create Police Courts with jurisdiction in civil cases.

To permit the advertising for bids for public improvements before the appropriations are made in order to prevent pooling among bidders.

To give Boards of Public Service summary powers in the cleaning of sidewalks of ice and snow.

## WARLIKE

Is the Color in Which the Battleships of Russia and Japan Are Now Painted.

London, Dec. 14.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from one of its correspondents in the Far East asserts that the warships of both Russia and Japan now in Chinese waters have been painted black, the war color.

Special dispatches from various correspondents in Japan received this morning indicate that the nature of Russia's reply to the proposals of Japan will not be permitted to leak out in the latter country.

The Daily Mail's Tokyo correspondent, however, believes the reply to be of a satisfactory nature, and that an amicable settlement of the existing difficulties is in sight.

#### RICHEST MAN IN INDIANA, DEAD

Fort Wayne, Ind., Dec. 14.—Judge James Cheney, said to be the wealthiest man in the state, died Sunday.

He was born in Vermont in 1817. He settled at Adrian, Mich., in 1832, and by trading accumulated a fortune prior to the panic of 1837.

He assisted in constructing the Wabash and Erie canal and moved to Defiance, O. Later he moved to Fort Wayne and became a heavy Wabash and Western Union stockholder.

He was associated with Jay Gould in financing his affairs in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

At the time of his death he was a heavy stockholder of Wabash and Nickel plate. His fortune was estimated at \$25,000,000.

## RUSSIA

### It is Believed Will Make Japan Some Concessions.

London, Dec. 14.—The Exchange Telegraph company this morning says that Baron Hayashi, Japanese minister in London, has received the text of the Russian reply to Japan's latest communication regarding Korea and Manchuria. The minister has been enjoined to observe the strictest secrecy. Negotiations regarding the far east are still proceeding. The British cabinet met this morning and it is understood that this reply of Russia was up for discussion. It is believed that Russia will make concessions to Japan.

Paris, Dec. 14.—The new house recently built on the site of the old building was officially opened this morning.

## COLD WAVE

### BREAKS ALL RECORDS FOR FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER.

Coldest Spot on the Map is White River, Ontario, Where it is 24 Below Zero.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—A search of weather-bureau records this morning disclosed that the present cold wave breaks all records for the first half of any December within 27 years. The minimum temperature of 13 degrees below zero is the lowest point touched at that time.

The cold wave will last twenty-four hours longer. It will moderate slightly by night, turn colder during the night and then moderate tomorrow. Zero temperature will prevail about Chicago.

The coldest spot on the map is White River, Ontario, where the thermometer registers 24 below zero. Other minus zero points are Battleford, N. W. T. 16 degrees; Qu Appelle, 14; Williston, N. D., Duluth, Winnipeg, 10; Moorehead, St. Paul, Bismark, N. D., Medicine Hat, 4, and Chicago 1 degree below. All street car lines in Chicago were unable to start on time this morning and the entire business population was late getting downtown. Hundreds of tramps and homeless persons were sheltered in police stations last night.

Many unemployed and destitute women and children applied to the charity bureaus for fuel. The extreme cold has caused an epidemic of diphtheria among children and the mortality has assumed alarming proportions.

## CROW A THIEF

York, Pa. Dec. 11.—In a curious manner a small gold watch which disappeared a year ago from the possession of Miss Katie Stover daughter of John Stover, a farmer has just been recovered.

Mr. Stover recently cut down a pine tree near his house. In the fork of one of the limbs of the tree was an abandoned crow's nest and in the bottom of the nest the missing time piece was found.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 14.—"Women in the finer homes do not want babies nowadays," declared Bishop Francis of the Episcopal diocese of Indiana Sunday night while commenting on the declaration of the Living Church annual that there is an alarming shortage of babies in the church.

"We have a constantly increasing number of adult baptisms, but the baptism of infants is decreasing. This is not because people do not have their babies baptized, but because there are few babies. Not only is there a shortage of babies in our church, but all over the land—in the wealthiest homes. It appears like a repetition of the career of France."

Washington, Dec. 14.—The case of the Northern Securities company against which the federal government has brought suit under the anti-trust law, came before the United States supreme court today. Arguments have already begun.

## EMBARRASSING

### If Colombia Refers Trouble Over Panama to The Hague.

#### United States Has Made Certain Definite Statements.

#### Colombian Troops Not Landed on the Isthmus—U. S. Cruiser Finds No Trace of Soldiers—Situation on the Isthmus of Panama.

Washington, Dec. 14.—Gen. Reyes, a small quantity of naval stores, a few Colombian envoy, called at the State department this morning and had a conference with Assistant Secretary of State Loomis. General Reyes assured that the Colombian troops would probably not begin hostilities at all and certainly not until his government had received his report on the result of his mission to Washington.

Washington, Dec. 14.—War between Colombia and the United States over the attitude of protection assumed by the latter toward the new republic of Panama is regarded by administration officials as a possibility to be guarded against now and anticipated but likely to occur after the lapse of considerable time, if at all.

The influence of General Reyes will be exerted to prevent any hostile act by Colombia until after he shall have presented to the state department his brief and received an answer. Although he has undoubtedly strengthened his position by the employment of Wayne McVeigh as counsel, the nature of this answer may be readily outlined. It is then possible that Colombia will attempt to invade the isthmus through Antioquia, an undertaking which is probably more feasible than Panamanians and notably Baena Varilla are willing to admit.

As the situation now stands the administration has made certain definite statements to Colombia which may be summarized as follows:

First—Its recognition of the republic of Panama is complete, final and irrevocable.

Second—It will use its good offices to effect a treaty of peace and amity between parent and off-spring, but in no case will it entertain negotiations looking toward the forcing of the isthmus back into its former relations with Colombia.

Third—Notice is served upon Colombia that the United States having recognized the independence of and having negotiated a treaty with the new republic by which an equity in certain territory has at least been tentatively secured to the United States, and being bound by the New Granada treaty of 1846 to maintain upon the isthmus the good order necessary to free transit thereon, any attempt to land troops within that territory will be resented by the United States and such Colombian troops repelled by United States forces.

The question most disturbing to the administration is the one of reference to The Hague.

If Colombia, on the ground that the United States by its action had prevented her from quelling an insurrection within her own territory and thereby in violation of the 1846 treaty, impaired her sovereignty and destroyed a valuable asset, the canal concession, should demand arbitration, the administration's position would be embarrassing. Its officials have already stated that the United States will refuse to enter into arbitration on this subject, yet diplomats here believe that such refusal cannot but injure United States in prestige when it is remembered that it was this country that forced Great Britain, Germany, Italy and other foreign powers to arbitrate their difficulties with Venezuela.

It is also pointed out that the United States has departed from precedent, and interfered in the domestic affairs of an American republic. This alleged additional interpretation of the Monroe doctrine, will not be welcomed by European powers already jealous of the influence in South American countries wielded by the United States.

Colon, Dec. 14.—Through the examination of the San Blas coast made by the United States cruiser Atlanta and the converted cruiser Mayflower, both of which vessels have returned here, it has been clearly established that the Colombian cruisers General Pinzon and Cartagena appeared in the Gulf of Darien about 26 hours after they were reported as having left Cartagena.

No reliable evidence, however, could be obtained to show that any of the troops carried by the cruisers had been landed either on the Gulf coast or anywhere else.

The Atlanta and the Mayflower made a thorough inspection of the entire vicinity. It was learned that at one exact point the Cartagena embarked

It has been reported that Colombian troops were landed at a certain point on the Panama coast, but the Atlanta was present at this place at the time, when, according to the report the troops should have been landed, and saw nothing.

The naval officers found the attitude of the Indians to be indifferent and even repellent. The traditions of the Indians for centuries have been against permitting aliens to land in their territory, and these traditions they still maintain.

They often declined to answer the questions of the interpreters and on several occasions their information was found to be misleading.

The information obtained by the Atlanta and Mayflower indicates either that the Colombian troops have been returned to Cartagena or that they have been landed at some point on the coast between Cartagena and the Gulf of Darien and may be proceeding thence toward Cauca.

The Atlanta sailed again towards the Gulf of Darien and will continue a careful patrol of the coast.

It would be impossible for the Cartagena and the General Pinzon to enter the Trauco river, because the mouth of the river has a six foot bar. No small boats are obtainable thereabouts and no considerable number of troops could be transported up the river. The only boats to be had consist of a few canoes.

The remainder of the marines on board the auxiliary cruiser Dixie will be landed Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday next, satisfactory arrangements having been completed to obtain good water for the camp at Culabra on the line of the Panama railroad.

Colon, Dec. 14.—The United States cruiser Atlanta which returned here reports that it stopped at the Panama boundary line, where inquiries were made concerning the reported landing of Colombian troops.

The Indian interpreters aboard the Atlanta conferred with the chiefs of the territory, who gave them positive assurance that no Colombian troops had been landed and who said that even if they did land, it will be impossible for them to pass through, owing to the total absence of mountain trails.

The Atlanta steamed 40 miles further towards the Atrato river, obtaining similar information everywhere. A report to this effect has been made to Admiral Coghlan.

The converted cruiser Mayflower returned to Colon Sunday.

AMERICANS ENLISTING  
New York, Dec. 14.—Yankees are being enlisted to fight the new republic of Panama in this city.

The Colombian consul general's representative, Raymond y Guzman, whose office is at 17 State street, made arrangements with a shipping master at 49 South street for 500 men to fight for Colombia at the isthmus.

The man with whom the arrangements were made is John H. Quail, who has made a specialty of fitting out filibustering expeditions to the centers of revolution. The news emanated from sailors at the Seamen's union in South street, Brooklyn. Mr. Quail finally acknowledged it to be true.

The men are to be signed on two steamers, preferably the Panama line steamers, at the nominal wage of \$1 per month, with the promise of an increase when the men reach Panama. The contract is for one year.

Uniforms are dealt out to the men, which are provided here. Physical examinations are held in a building on South street, Brooklyn, especially rented for that purpose.

The consul general, it was learned, has negotiated with the Panama railroad and steamship company at pier No. 3 for the charter of two of their steamships, France and Panama. The ships were refused to the consul, because, as the agents said, the attitude

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## MISS PECK

### LAYS BLAME UPON PROF. TIGHT, FORMERLY OF GRANVILLE

Noted Mountain Climber Gives Her Reason for Failure to Reach Summit of the Mountain.

Miss Annie Peck, the famous American woman, who has made a name for herself as a fearless and successful climber of giant mountains, has returned from South America, where she went in company with Prof. W. G. Tight, formerly of Granville, now President of the University of New Mexico, for the purpose of scaling the summit of Mt. Sorata, the highest peak in the Andes, located in Bolivia. The expedition failed, but it would seem through no fault of the dauntless woman, but on account of the joint-heartedness of her male companion and fellow geographical investigator, Prof. Tight.

The latter was in Newark a short time on Friday, October 2, and called at the Advocate office where he said: "The reports sent out from South America saying that our party reached the summit of Mount Sorata, in Bolivia, the highest peak on this continent, were incorrect. Owing to various circumstances we did not reach a point near the top, but I will leave the matter to Miss Peck, who will return from the south in a few weeks."

It is probably well for some one's reputation that Professor Tight left the matter for Miss Peck to explain, and she has explained in the following interview in New York:

"If it hadn't been for a man I should have climbed to the top of the mountain."

Her eyes snapped. There was a determined look in her face, and she drew up her slight, but well-knit form, and realized how it was that this plucky woman has behind her a record of 15 high mountains scaled, to say nothing of little ones thrown in for good measure. As she stood in the parlor of a hotel in Manhattan the other afternoon, depreciating the valor of mere man, one could amply understand how she could hoist across chasms 1,000 feet deep with no other footholds than three inch ledges on the Fuenfingerspitze, and glide merrily along the ice-clad summit of the Zugspitze, with a light run over the deadly Kufstein the Garmisch and the Innsbruck by way of an appetite for breakfast, with the nonchalance of a Newport belle doing a two-step on the waxed floor of a ballroom.

"But tell me," was asked, "something about this latest exploit of yours in Bolivia, and give the details of why you—"

"Oh, you might as well say it failed," interposed Miss Peck, with a laugh. "I'll tell you why I failed. It was all on account of a man."

There might have been just the least tinge of viciousness in this, but Miss Peck's face was permeated with a very complaisant smile.

"Now, I'll tell you all about that," she continued. "You know I started out with the intention to climb Mt. Sorata in Bolivia. I wanted to deliver a lecture on the ascent, which has never been continued to the summit, so far as known, by any human being. Then I also intended writing a series of articles about the trip, and my experience. Well, I made all my plans carefully, and left New York on June 16 last. I was joined by Dr. W. G. Tight, President of the University of New Mexico, all of whose expenses I paid. When we reached Mollendo, Peru, I perfected all our plans, and we at once set out for La Paz, in Bolivia. Mt. Sorata is about 90 miles north of La Paz. I took with me two Swiss guides who were experienced mountain climbers. I had to rely entirely upon Indians to act as porters. What was my astonishment, however, on arriving at the foot of the mountains to find that the Indians would not serve as porters and others of liberal pay would not move them."

"The Swiss guides insisted that it would be impossible to make the ascent without porters, as we could not otherwise take with us our tents, camp equipments, food and other articles absolutely necessary for a climb of that character. Well, that was bad enough, but I was determined to try it and induce some of the Italians to accompany us, when on August 30 I was dumfounded by a statement from Dr. Tight that he was going to return home. He told me that it was necessary for him to be back at the university, and all I could say or do could not prevent his going. He didn't ask me whether I cared or not, but simply announced that he was going. And he went, so that was the end of that. Now, of course I had relied upon him. You can see what a predicament I was in. There were the Indians refusing to act as porters, there was that big mountain 25,000 feet in the air. And there was I at the worst end of it. Yes, I was a little discouraged. So I thought I would just take a run back to Mollendo and think a little with the idea of getting a fresh start. But when I turned to go back I learned that the mule train had broken out at Mollendo and the port was closed. Then I went around by Antofagasta and remained there for one month just thinking up schemes."

While in the Advocate office last October Prof. Tight told some things regarding this trip in confidence, and the paper is not permitted to publish the same at this time. However, the Advocate has written to Dr. Tight asking him to give for publication his version of the story, and the reader is requested to suspend judgment until Prof. Tight shall have had an opportunity to reply to Miss Peck's statement.

## CHICAGO WOMEN'S VICTORY

### They Make Important Discoveries About Child Labor Conditions.

Three children under legal working age in Chicago and five in the rest of the state whose wages were actually necessary to enable their families to live is the result of the investigation recently conducted by the women's clubs in conjunction with the authorities of that city.

In all the work of the Consumers' league and other agencies for the suppression of child labor the constant cry of the opposition has been the widowed mothers and deserted families that would suffer for want of the wages of the children. It has been difficult hitherto to combat these statements because no statistics on the subject existed. But the claim of the friends of the children that vast numbers of children were being deprived of their education because of a very few whose work was necessary to their families has received signal confirmation in this investigation.

After the last biennial of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, when Miss Jane Addams was appointed chairman of the committee on child labor, she presented to clubwomen over the country a plan for the relief of such children. The plan was that when children under legal age were found working a thorough investigation should be made. If it were found that a mother or a family of young children was actually dependent on the wages of this child, then the club should pay the weekly earnings of the child in the form of a "scholarship" and see that the child was kept in school until the age when it could legally get its "working papers."

Then came the campaign of last winter in Illinois to secure the better protection of working children. It was conducted by Miss Addams, by Mrs. Harriet Vandervoort, president of the Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs, and by Dr. Cornelia De Vey, a physician whose practice took her much among the children of this class. It resulted in a glorious victory. Public opinion was more thoroughly aroused than over any law passed for years, and the measure passed the senate unanimously. The law was that no child under sixteen could work more than eight hours in one day or after 7 in the evening and that no child under fourteen could be employed at all.

As a result there was a drastic clearing of children out of the stock yards and factories of Chicago. Thousands upon thousands were discharged, for public opinion demanded the enforcement of the law. Then went up a cry of hardship from hundreds of these families. The clubwomen and the public authorities co-operated in investigating these cases. The women entered upon the investigation with somewhat sinking hearts, for among so many hundreds they expected to find at least many scores of cases in which the wages of the working child were necessary. To their own surprise as much as that of the general public only three families in Chicago and five in the remainder of the state were found in which the wages of the child were actually necessary to permit the family to live. In every other case it was found that there was either a father who could be made to support the family or older children on whose wages the family could manage to live or relatives who when approached by the authorities were willing to assist the family until the child was of legal earning age.

For these eight children, then, the clubwomen of Illinois will supply scholarships equal to the wages they lost by the new law. In the case of the three Chicago children this was \$4 a week for two of them and \$2.50 a week for the third. For this pitiful sum society was permitting these children to grow up without a common school education. The clubs of Chicago will pay these sums weekly until the children are fourteen years old.

### Children In Glass Factories.

"There are little children working all night long in the glass bottle factories of New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Indiana," says Mrs. Florence Kelley in the *Charities Magazine*.

"When they go out into the black, cold winter morning," says Mrs. Kelley, "the sudden change from the glare and heat of the big glass ovens makes them go into the saloons with the men to drink the cheap liquor and listen to the coarse talk. Their work is unhealthy, causing rheumatism and troubles of the throat and lungs. Many of them die before they are old enough to be apprentices."

### Growth of the Union Label.

Last year the union label of the garment workers was placed on over 34,500,000 garments, says Ernest Poole in the *Outlook*. This was an increase of 21,600,000 over the year before.

"In the garment making business," he says, "hours are shorter, work is less irregular, the shop is sanitary, and the air is wholesome." On the other hand, the work of the factory is more intense and more monotonous than the old system. There are still too many sweatshops. "Not long ago," says Mr. Poole, "I saw a forty-five dollar overcoat being pressed in a small, foul sweatshop."

### Inefficient Nonunionists.

Really efficient workmen are to be found in greater numbers in the unions than outside them. A case in point: A number of nonunion steamfitters that were employed during the recent lock-out in New York were examined the other day by a joint board of employers and workmen in order to determine whether they were entitled to membership in the union, which had been won over to the arbitration plan. In all seventy-two were examined, and but eleven proved themselves capable mechanics.—Edward A. Moffett.

## WORLD'S RECORD

### AT CORN HUSKING MADE BY AN IOWA MAN.

Chas. Rennack on a Wager Husks Over 201 Bushels in Ten Hours. 37 Ears a Minute.

M. H. Evans, who formerly lived near Newark, sends the following article from the *Des Moines, Ia., Capital* of December 10, from his home in Delphos, Iowa:

Shenandoah, Ia., Dec. 10.—Charles Rennack fully established his right to the title of champion corn husker of the world by husking 201 bushels and sixteen pounds of corn in ten hours.

This championship feat was performed as the result of a wager of several hundred dollars on the part of friends of the young man that he could do the work. It was the result of a trial at husking he made two weeks ago, when in nine and a half hours he husked 181 bushels. That feat was doubted, many good huskers insisting that it was an impossibility to handle the corn as fast enough. Statements made and refused led to the wager, the first one being \$175 that 200 bushels could not be husked in ten hours. A day was set for the trial and Monday of last week was chosen. A storm made it necessary to postpone the trial from day to day until it began to look as though the weather would not settle. Yesterday morning however, in spite of a fine snow that was falling, Mr. Rennack announced his intention of making the trial.

The contest against time took place on the old D. P. Wilson farm, near Farragut, now owned by E. I. Williams and the corn was a field planted and grown by Alfred Johnson. Rennack drove into the field at 7 o'clock promptly and began his unparalleled feat. He was accompanied by Mr. H. B. Sheeley, a young farmer from near this place; C. A. Piper, one of the men with much faith in Rennack's ability, and William Lyle, a prominent farmer living near Farragut. Mr. Rennack started out, taking two rows and husked it clean, picking up the down corn and taking the down corn from the third or adjoining row. At the end of one hour and twenty minutes he had filled a low wagon box containing twenty-two bushels and ten pounds. He directed the team himself and after being well warmed up his trained muscles moved with the precision of an engine. At 12 o'clock he had husked 98 bushels, five small loads having been driven in.

At 12:30 the biggest half of the day's work was begun, and the judges, spectators (they were kept at a distance), and others began to grow nervous, and the young man only let out another cog and the corn flew faster. At one time during the afternoon, for several minutes the average rate of speed at which the corn was thrown toward the wagon box was thirty-seven ears a minute. The last ear was tossed into the wagon at 5:20 o'clock and then the weighing was finished.

Nine loads had been taken in, the weight of the corn by the load being 1559, 1270, 1250, 1180, 1535, 1785, 1555, 1707 and 1945. Seventy pounds to the bushel was allowed and the corn weighed out 201 bushels and sixteen pounds.

The feat was well nigh incredible and would be possible only in Page or Fremont counties, where the biggest corn in the world is raised. The field of corn which Mr. Rennack husked averaged a little over seventy bushels to the acre and the ears of corn would average nearly three-quarters of a pound each. The integrity of the judges, Messrs. Sheeley, Piper and Lyle, is unquestioned; hence there is not the least doubt of the correctness of the performance. In addition your correspondent talked with the man who bet against the possibility of such a thing being done and he said that his money was honestly and fairly won by Mr. Rennack, and that it was worth it to see the machine-like work of the husker.

Mr. Rennack is a young man 24 years of age, weighs 170 pounds, light complexioned and an easy-going looking man. He belongs to the Fifty-Fifth regiment, Iowa National Guard, and was with Company E at Fort Riley. He is also the ranking member in the local civil service class, and at the next vacancy will be taken on in the Shenandoah postoffice. This fall during the husking season he averaged 125 bushels a day for eighteen days. At the close of his attempt yesterday the young man was reeking with perspiration and as wet as he could be, in spite of the fact that he was clad only in overalls and shirt, and that it was cold and with a light snow. Mr. Rennack and his friends are now talking of a trial at 35 bushels in a single hour, he having expressed his belief that he can do that feat.

The corn husked was of a big yellow variety, the seed having been originally furnished by a Shenandoah seedsmen.

### Cannel Coal.

A limited number of orders for the famous Flint Ridge cannel coal promptly filled. The only coal for rates.

12-2-eod-1f J. M. ICKES.

### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. du

This Shield on the Box

35c The present price of the Yusca Welsbach mantle—the best in the world. Former price was 50c—and they're better now than then.

All Dealers.

J. B. Rosebrough Manager

## THE AUDITORIUM

Monday, Dec. 14

The Great, The Marvelous

## CREATORE

and his

Italian Band of 60 Pieces.

Mr. Barilli, Lyric Soprano Soloist. The Sensation of the Century. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1. Seats on sale Thursday morning.

December 18.

KILROY & BRITTON'S Sensational Comedy Drama.

## An Aristocratic Tramp.

Five Big Specialties. Entire Production Carried.

Teaches a Moral Lesson and Tells One of the Prettiest Stories.

The Play Contains Plenty of Pathos and Enough Broad Comedy for a Laugh Every Minute.

Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents.

## Have You Seen

Our New Consignment of

## Lewelsa Ware?

We have just received possibly the largest consignment of this beautiful ware that has ever come to Newark.

The tinting is perfect. The designs are original. The prices about one-half those of heretofore.

Have a look at them before you finish your Christmas shopping.

ERNEST T. JOHNSON, Druggist.

No. 10 Warden Hotel Block.

## NOTICE.

If you want the best Warm Air Furnace, Charcoal, Spouting, Tin, Slate and Iron Roofing, Steel Ceilings, Sheet Iron and Copper Work, Repairing, Workmanship and material call on

Nos. 78 and 80 West Main St. New Phone 123.

## BAILEY & KEELFY.

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## Better than the Pacific

You can bathe in California at any time of year and at almost any point on the Coast. But the strong probability is you won't. There are other things to do that are better worth doing and, besides, there are better places to bathe in than the cool waters of the Pacific. All along the coast—at San Diego, Coronado, Santa Barbara, Monterey and a dozen other places that might be named, luxurious bath houses have been built, where the water, fresh from the sea, is heated and tempered to your liking.

If you are figuring on passing the winter in California, you owe it to yourself to ascertain what the Rock Island System offers in the way of rates and through car service. Information on request.

P. A. AZER, District Passenger Agent, 415 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

## MRS. IDA McDONALD,

### Supreme Deputy of the Maccabees of the World.

MRS. McDONALD, No. 477 Beaubien Street, Detroit, Mich., is a prominent woman who was greatly benefited by the great woman's medicine, Wine of Cardui. Mrs. McDonald is the supreme deputy of the Maccabees of the World, and one of the most widely known women in the United States. Thousands of women gather to hear her lecture everywhere she goes. The great work she has done for the Maccabees is appreciated by every member of the order. She was so absorbed in her work that she neglected to give her health proper care—failed to take warning that the symptoms of approaching kidney trouble gave her, the sallow complexion and torpid liver. But Wine of Cardui cured her the same as it has cured thousands of others and Mrs. McDonald has written this letter in order that other suffering women may secure from Wine of Cardui the same relief she got from it.

"For four years I suffered with dull liver until my skin looked yellow and dull. I then found my kidneys were affected and had severe pains across my back, and I felt that I must do something to regain my health. A friend advised your Wine of Cardui treatment so strongly that I decided to try it, although I had little faith in patent medicines. I am now very thankful that I did so, for within ten days blessed relief came to me, and in less than three months I was cured, and have enjoyed fine health ever since. I know there is nothing better for a sick woman who wishes to enjoy perfect health and I am very pleased to give my hearty endorsement."

No suffering woman can afford to ignore such a letter as Mrs. McDonald writes. Her plans and advice have proved valuable in building up one of the greatest women's organizations in the United States and she takes time to give advice which she knows will help you.

Do not delay in securing this medicine. There is nothing to gain and everything to lose by delay. The choice is before you. Will or will you not secure relief now by taking Wine of Cardui? All druggists sell \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui as well as 25c packages of Bedford's Black-Draught.

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For sale by City Drug Store, F. D. Hall and E. T. Johnson.

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Is not merely to discharge an obligation but to afford delight by evidence of the thoughtful selection. What happier medium could there be than one of our elegant pocket books for ladies or gentlemen or a beautiful wrist bag or package of that fragrant and lasting perfume for which our store is famous. Think it over and see us.

R. W. SMITH

Prescription Druggist. Cyp. Postoffice.

## YARDS OF VEILING

The automobile veil is most artistic, the fluttering ends, blown out by the wind produce a charming effect. Woman is quick to recognize the dainty prettiness of the new veil and veiling promptly rises in price to meet the demands. The veils are attractive and cost from \$2 to \$7 each.

One veil is double width, three yards long, and is shirred for a space upon a circular wire, about two inches in diameter. The veil is placed over the hat and falling to the shoulders, it is caught up about the throat with the long ends, which have been crossed in the back and are brought round and tied under the chin.

Another veil is not so wide and is crossed in the back and brought up to the front and top of the hat and knotted in a neat bow in rosette effect.

The automobile veil is ambitious and is seen upon the streets. The style will, of course, be for a time modified, the street veil is not much wider than the regular veiling and the ends are crossed at the back of the hat and are simply looped under the chin.

Brown veils are particularly popular and can be worn with any hat. A close veil is worn with these large veils. The close veil is as tight as possible and is drawn tightly about the hair before the hat is placed upon the head.

A glass or two of water taken half an hour before breakfast will usually keep the bowels regular. Harsh cathartics should be avoided. When a purgative is needed, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are mild and gentle in their action. For sale by all druggists.

Drink CONSUMERS Pure Beer.

Use the Whittely Exercise ten minutes a day and save doctor bills. Horney & Edmiston have them at the right price.

While one-room tenements in London have decreased from 172,502 to 146,521, or 14 per cent, three-room and four-room tenements have increased 16 per cent, 18 per cent and 21 per cent, respectively.

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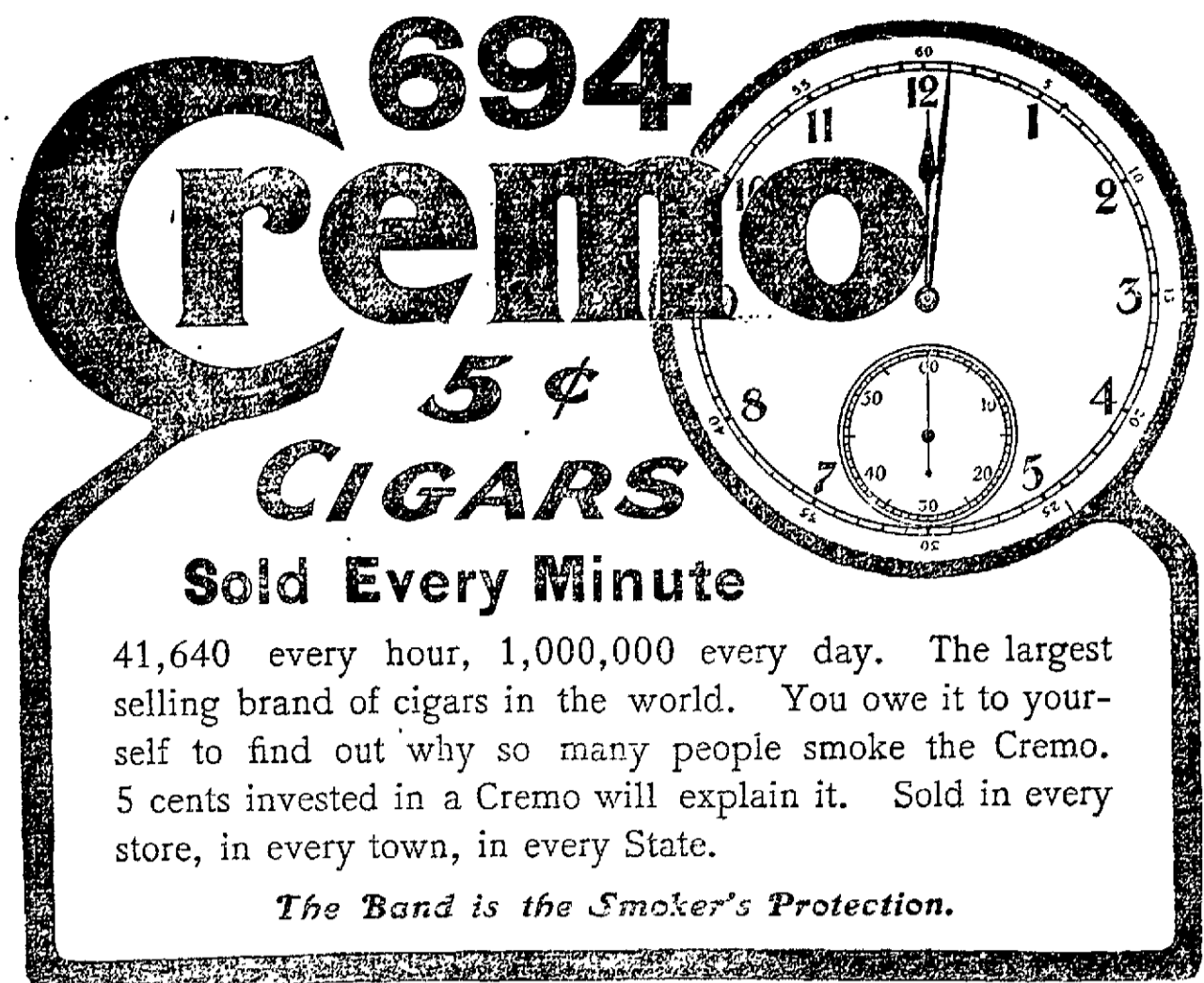
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**694 Cremo**  
5 CIGARS  
Sold Every Minute

41,640 every hour, 1,000,000 every day. The largest selling brand of cigars in the world. You owe it to yourself to find out why so many people smoke the Cremo. 5 cents invested in a Cremo will explain it. Sold in every store, in every town, in every State.

*The Band is the Smoker's Protection.*



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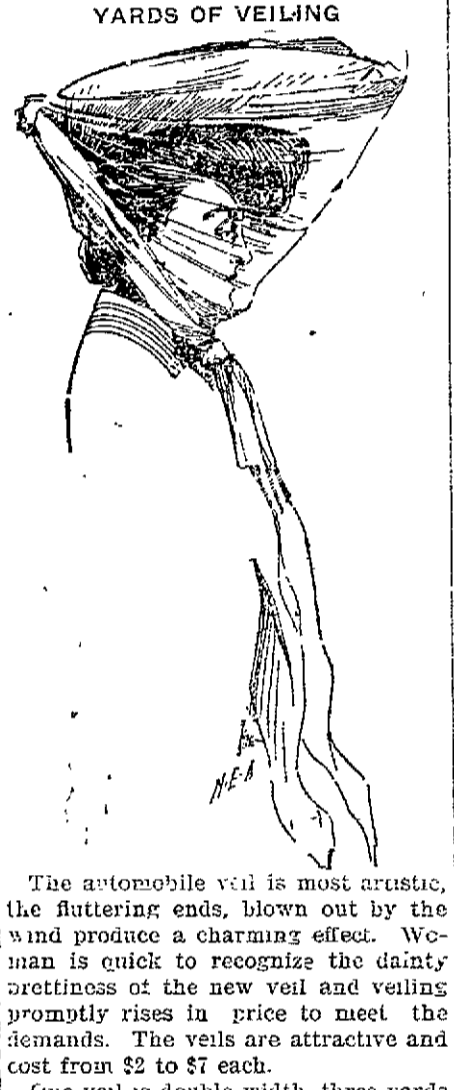
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**S. L. DEENEY, Principal.**

**MISS PECK**  
LAYS BLAME UPON PROF. TIGHT, FORMERLY OF GRANVILLE

Noted Mountain Climber Gives Her Reason for Failure to Reach Summit of the Mountain.

Miss Annie Peck, the famous American woman, who has made a name for herself as a fearless and successful climber of giant mountains, has returned from South America, where she went in company with Prof. W. G. T. Taggart, formerly of Granville, now President of the University of New Mexico, for the purpose of scaling the summit of Mt. Sorata, the highest peak in the Andes, located in Bolivia. The expedition failed, but it would seem through no fault of the dauntless woman, but on account of the faint-heartedness of her male companion and fellow geographical investigator, Prof. Tight.

The latter was in Newark a short time on Friday, October 2, and called at the Advocate office where he said: "The reports sent out from South America saying that our party reached the summit of Mount Sorata, in Bolivia, the highest peak on this continent, were incorrect. Owing to various circumstances we did not reach a point near the top, but I will leave the matter to Miss Peck, who will return from the south in a few weeks."

It is probably well for some one's reputation that Professor Tight left the matter for Miss Peck to explain, and she has explained in the following interview in New York:

"If it hadn't been for a man I should have climbed to the top of the mountain."

Her eyes snapped. There was a determined look in her face, and she drew up her slight, but well-knit form, and realized how it was that this plucky woman has behind her a record of 15 high mountains scaled, to say nothing of little ones thrown in for good measure. As she stood in the parlor of a hotel in Manhattan the other afternoon, deprecating the valor of mere man, one could amply understand how she could hop across chasms 1,000 feet deep with no other footholds than three inch ledges on the Huemulspitze, and glide merrily along the ice-clad summit of the Zugspitze, with a light run over the deadly Kufstein the Garmisch and the Innsbruck by way of an appetite for breakfast, with the nonchalance of a Newport belle doing a two-step on the waxed floor of a ballroom.

"But tell me," was asked, "something about this latest exploit of yours in Bolivia, and give the details of why you—"

"Oh, you might as well say it—failed," interrupted Miss Peck, with a laugh. "I'll tell you why I failed. It was all on account of a man."

There might have been just the least tinge of viciousness in this, but Miss Peck's face was permeated with a very complacent smile.

"Now, I'll tell you all about that," she continued. "You know I started out with the intention to climb Mt. Sorata in Bolivia. I wanted to deliver a lecture on the ascent, which has never been continued to the summit, so far as known, by any human being. Then I also intended writing a series of articles about the trip, and my experience. Well, I made all my plans carefully, and left New York on June 16 last. I was joined by Dr. W. G. Tight, President of the University of New Mexico, all of whose expenses I paid. When we reached Mollendo, Peru, I perfected all our plans, and we at once set out for La Paz, in Bolivia. Mt. Sorata is about 90 miles north of La Paz. I took with me two Swiss guides who were experienced mountain climbers. I had to rely entirely upon Indians to act as porters. What was my astonishment, however, on arriving at the foot of the mountains to find that the Indians would not serve as porters and offers of liberal pay would not move them."

"The Swiss guides insisted that it would be impossible to make the ascent without porters, as we could not otherwise take with us our tents, camp equipments, food and other articles absolutely necessary for a climb of that character. Well, that was bad enough, but I was determined to try it and induce some of the Italians to accompany us, when on August 29 I was dumfounded by a statement from Dr. Tight that he was going to return home. He told me that it was necessary for him to be back at the university, and all I could say or do could not prevent his going. He didn't ask me whether I cared or not, but simply announced that he was going. And he went, so that was the end of that. Now, of course I had relied upon him. You can see what a predicament I was in. There were the Indians refusing to act as porters, there was that big mountain 25,000 feet in the air. And there was I at the worst end of it. Yes, I was a little discouraged. So I thought I would just take a run back to Mollendo and think a little with the idea of getting a fresh start. But when I turned to go back I learned that the mule train had broken out at Mollendo and the port was closed. Then I went around by Antofagasta and remained there for one month just thinking up schemes."

While in the Advocate office last October Prof. Tight told some things regarding this trip in confidence, and this paper is not permitted to publish the same at this time. However, the Advocate has written to Prof. Tight asking him to give for publication his version of the story, and the reader is requested to suspend judgment until Prof. Tight shall have had an opportunity to reply to Miss Peck's statement.

**CHICAGO WOMEN'S VICTORY**  
They Make Important Discoveries About Child Labor Conditions.

Three children under legal working age in Chicago and five in the rest of the state whose wages were actually necessary to enable their families to live is the result of the investigation recently conducted by the women's clubs in conjunction with the authorities of that city.

In all the work of the Consumers' League and other agencies for the suppression of child labor the constant cry of the opposition has been the widowed mothers and deserted families that would suffer for want of the wages of the children. It has been difficult hitherto to combat these statements because no statistics on the subject existed. But the claim of the friends of the children that vast numbers of children were being deprived of their education because of a very few whose work was necessary to their families has received signal confirmation in this investigation.

After the last biennial of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, when Miss Jane Addams was appointed chairman of the committee on child labor, she presented to clubwomen over the country a plan for the relief of such children. The plan was that children under legal age were found working a thorough investigation should be made. If it were found that a mother or a family of young children was actually dependent on the wages of this child, then the club should pay the weekly earnings of the child in the form of a "scholarship" and see that the child was kept in school until the age when it could legally get its "working papers."

Then came the campaign of last winter in Illinois to secure the better protection of working children. It was conducted by Miss Addams, by Mrs. Harriet Vandervoort, president of the Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs, and by Dr. Cornelia De Vey, a physician whose practice took her much among the children of this class. It resulted in a glorious victory. Public opinion was more thoroughly aroused than ever any law passed for years, and the measure passed the senate unanimously. The law was that no child under sixteen could work more than eight hours in one day or after 7 in the evening and that no child under fourteen could be employed at all.

As a result there was a drastic clearing of children out of the stock yards and factories of Chicago. Thousands upon thousands were discharged, for public opinion demanded the enforcement of the law. Then went up a cry of hardship from hundreds of these families. The clubwomen and the public authorities co-operated in investigating these cases. The women entered upon the investigation with somewhat sinking hearts, for among so many hundreds they expected to find at least many scores of cases in which the wages of the working child were necessary. To their own surprise as much as that of the general public only three families in Chicago and five in the remainder of the state were found in which the wages of the child were actually necessary to permit the family to live. In every other case it was found that there was either a father who could be made to support the family or older children on whose wages the family could manage to live or relatives who when approached by the authorities were willing to assist the family until the child was of legal earning age.

For these eight children, then, the clubwomen of Illinois will supply scholarships equal to the wages they lost by the new law. In the case of the three Chicago children this was \$4 a week for two of them and \$2.50 a week for the third. For this pitiful sum society was permitting these children to grow up without a common school education. The clubs of Chicago will pay these sums weekly until the children are fourteen years old.

**Children in Glass Factories.**

"There are little children working all night long in the glass bottle factories of New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Indiana," says Mrs. Florence Kelley in the *Charities Magazine*.

"When they go out into the black, cold winter morning," says Mrs. Kelley, "the sudden change from the glare and heat of the big glass ovens makes them go into the saloons with the men to drink the cheap liquor and listen to the coarse talk. Their work is unhealthy, causing rheumatism and troubles of the throat and lungs. Many of them die before they are old enough to be apprentices."

**Growth of the Union Label.**

Last year the union label of the garment workers was placed on over 34,500,000 garments, says Ernest Poole in the *Outlook*. This was an increase of 11,000,000 over the year before.

"In the garment making business," he says, "hours are shorter, work is less irregular, the shop is sanitary, and the air is wholesome." On the other hand, the work of the factory is more intense and more monotonous than the old system. There are still too many sweatshops. "Not long ago," says Mr. Poole, "I saw a forty-five dollar overcoat being pressed in a small, foul sweatshop."

**Inefficient Nonunionists.**

Really efficient workmen are to be found in greater numbers in the unions than outside them. A case in point: A number of nonunion steamfitters that were employed during the recent lock-out in New York were examined the other day by a joint board of employers and workmen in order to determine whether they were entitled to membership in the union, which had been won over to the arbitration plan. In all seventy-two were examined, and but eleven proved themselves capable mechanics.—Edward A. Moffett.

**WORLD'S RECORD**  
AT CORN HUSKING MADE BY AN IOWA MAN.

Chas. Rennack on a Wager Husked Over 201 Bushels in Ten Hours. 37 Ears a Minute.

M. H. Evans, who formerly lived near Newark, sends the following article from the *Des Moines, Ia., Capital* of December 10, from his home in Delphos, Iowa:

Shenandoah, Ia., Dec. 10.—Charles Rennack fully established his right to the title of champion corn husker of the world by husking 201 bushels and sixteen pounds of corn in ten hours. This championship feat was performed as the result of a wager of several hundred dollars on the part of friends of the young man that he could do the work. It was the result of a trial at husking he made two weeks ago, when in nine and a half hours he husked 181 bushels. That feat was doubted, many good huskers insisting that it was an impossibility to handle the corn fast enough. Statements made and refused led to the wager, the first one being \$175 that 200 bushels could not be husked in ten hours. A day was set for the trial and Monday of last week was chosen. A storm made it necessary to postpone the trial from day to day until it began to look as though the weather would not settle. Yesterday morning however, in spite of a fine snow that was falling, Mr. Rennack announced his intention of making the trial.

The contest against time took place on the old D. P. Wilson farm, near Farragut, now owned by E. I. Williams and the corn was a field planted and grown by Alfred Johnson. Rennack drove into the field at 7 o'clock promptly and began his unparalleled feat. He was accompanied by Mr. H. B. Sheeley, a young farmer from near this place; C. A. Piper, one of the men with much faith in Rennack's ability, and William Kyle, a prominent farmer living near Farragut. Mr. Rennack started out, taking two rows and husked it taking picking up the down corn and taking the down corn from the third or adjoining row. At the end of one hour and twenty minutes he had filled a low wagon box containing twenty-two bushels and ten pounds. He directed the team himself and after being well warmed up his trained muscles moved with the precision of an engine. At 12 o'clock he had husked 98 bushels, five small loads having been driven in. At 12:30 the biggest half of the day's work was begun, and the judges, spectators (they were kept at a distance), and others began to grow nervous, but the young man only let out another cog and the corn flew faster. At one time during the afternoon, for several minutes the average rate of speed at which the corn was thrown toward the wagon box was thirty-seven ears a minute. The last ear was tossed into the wagon at 5:20 o'clock and then the weighing was finished.

Nine loads had been taken in, the weight of the corn by the load being 1559, 1270, 1250, 1480, 1535, 1785, 1555, 1707 and 1945. Seventy pounds to the bushel was allowed and the corn weighed out 201 bushels and sixteen pounds.

The feat was well nigh incredible and would be possible only in Page or Fremont counties, where the biggest corn in the world is raised. The field of corn which Mr. Rennack husked averaged a little over seventy bushels to the acre and the ears of corn would average nearly three-quarters of a pound each. The integrity of the judges, Messrs. Sheeley, Piper and Kyle, is unquestioned; hence there is not the least doubt of the correctness of the performance. In addition your correspondent talked with the man who beat against the possibility of such a thing being done and he said that his money was honestly and fairly won by Mr. Rennack, and that it was worth it to see the machine-like work of the husker.

Mr. Rennack is a young man 24 years of age, weighs 170 pounds, light complexioned and an easy-going looking man. He belongs to the Fifty-Fifth regiment, Iowa National Guard, and was with Company E at Fort Riley. He is also the ranking member in the local civil service class, and at the next vacancy will be taken on in the Shenandoah postoffice. This fall during the husking season he averaged 125 bushels a day for eighteen days. At the close of his attempt yesterday the young man was reeking with perspiration and as wet as he could be, in spite of the fact that he was clad only in overalls and shirt, and that it was cold and with a light snow. Mr. Rennack and his friends are now talking of a trial at 25 bushels in a single hour, he having expressed his belief that he can do that feat.

The corn husked was of a big yellow variety, the seed having been originally furnished by a Shenandoah seedsmen.

**Cannel Coal.**

A limited number of orders for the famous Flint Ridge cannel coal promptly filled. The only coal for rates.

12-2-cod-11 J. M. ICKES.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. du

**WELSBACH QUALITY**

This Shield is on the Box

35c The present price of the Yusca Welsbach mantle—the best in the world. Former price was 50c—and they're better now than then.

All Dealers.

**J. B. Rosebrough, Manager**

**THE AUDITORIUM**

Monday, Dec. 14

The Great, The Marvelous

**CREATORE**

and his

Italian Band of 60 Pieces.



Mr. Barili, Lyric, Soprano Soloist. The Sensation of the Century. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1. Seats on sale Thursday morning.

**December 18.**

**KILROY & BRITTON'S**  
Sensational Comedy Drama.

**An Aristocratic Tramp.**

Five Big Specialties. Entire Production Carried.

Teaches a Moral Lesson and Tells One of the Prettiest Stories.

The Play Contains Plenty of Pathos and Enough Broad Comedy for a Laugh Every Minute.

Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents.

**Have You Seen**

Our New Consignment of

**Lewelsa Ware?**

We have just received possibly the largest consignment of this beautiful ware that has ever come to Newark.

The tinting is perfect. The designs are original. The prices about one-half those of heretofore.

Have a look at them before you finish your Christmas shopping.

**ERNEST T. JOHNSON,**  
Druggist.  
No. 10 Warden Hotel Block.

**NOTICE.**

If you want the best Warm Air Furnace, Charcoal, Spouting, Tin, Slate and Iron Roofing, Steel Ceilings, Sheet Iron and Copper Work, Repairing, Workmanship and material call on

Nos. 78 and 80 West Main St. New Phone 133.

**BAILEY & KEELY.**

Nos. 78 and 80 West Main St. New Phone 133.



**THE NEWARK DAILY ADVOCATE**  
Published by the  
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J. H. NEWTON, Editor.  
C. H. SPENCER, Associate Editor.  
A. H. FIBSON, Business Manager.  
**Terms of Subscription:**  
Single copy.....2 cents  
Delivered by carrier, per week.....10 cents  
**If Paid in Advance:**  
Delivered by carrier, one month.....\$ 40  
Delivered by carrier, six months.....2 50  
Delivered by carrier, one year.....4 50  
By mail, in advance, one year.....2 50  
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Reed Smoot, the Mormon apostle, who was sent to the Senate by the Legislature of Utah as the direct result of a political deal made between the Republican National committee and the governing heads of the Mormon church, loudly denies that he is a polygamist. Mr. Smoot is playing the little-fish act. The opposition to him finds it a difficult matter to prove absolutely that the Mormon apostle actually practiced polygamy. The Mormon church, it is well known, has mysterious secrets within its sacred confines that are not accessible to the outside world. But there is a prospect that Smoot's opponents will cast their fight on a higher plane, which as defined by Senator Hale, of Maine, is that the Mormon apostle represents "a religious hierarchy that has intruded itself into American politics." On this constitutional ground the fight should be made to unseat him.

No division appears in the Democratic minority in Congress as to the infamous manner in which the Panama canal strip is under process of being seized, but there is a difference already noted among Southern members as to the practical way of proceeding. Mr. Williams, who is the brilliant Democratic leader, minced no words in denouncing the administration usurpation, but he manifested a deplorable disposition to flirt with bad principles. Every man wants this canal speedily built, but the majority of honest people prefer to have the project long delayed rather than have National honor smirched. Every fact marshaled from record, or verified account, proves the utterly untenable position of Mr. Roosevelt. Southern senators show a noble constancy to the traditions of the Republic, and even forego the pleasure of aiding Mr. Roosevelt in indorsing their right to succeed in 1891. The easy course in this matter is the honorable one. Colombia stands willing to give the right of way, and if this outlying Nation withdraws its marines she will soon again control it to grant.

**TOM L. JOHNSON BOOMS GORMAN**

His Efforts With Tammany Hall, However, Cause Belief He is Pushing His Own Interests.

New York, Dec. 14.—Mayor Tom L. Johnson, who was recently in this city a couple of days, was up to his neck in an interesting mixture of politics and business. For one thing he came here to witness the debut of his daughter as an actress. This, however, took but a few hours of his time. The rest he has spent in conference with Tammany leaders over possible Democratic candidates for the presidency. From Cleveland along with Mr. Johnson, came the rumor that he was to meet his right-hand man, C. P. Sellen, of Cleveland, and with him confer with John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, about living up the Ohio Democracy for Gorman, giving the Buckeye State leadership to McLean and having himself made delegate-at-large to the nominating convention. The mayor may have hoped to meet McLean and put the outlined plan before him, but if he succeeded no one else is aware of the fact, so carefully has McLean concealed himself. Johnson will not admit that he saw McLean and he denied himself to reporters. Senator B. F. Martin, of the Thirtieth district, and a leader among Tammany leaders, is one who was seen by Johnson. After the Cleveland saw Martin, he called upon Leader Charles F. Murphy and then upon others. To one and all he had the same proposition to make: That Tammany turn away from Parker and cast a favorable gaze upon Gorman. Johnson's idea from what could be gathered is that Gorman is not as strong as some people think he is, and if the Marylander can be played as Tammany's favorite with the Ohio delegation also extensible for him, Johnson, who really counts upon the delegate-ship-at-large, and whose presidential aspirations are undiminished by the occurrence of November, hopes to duplicate the Bryan act and stampede the convention for himself.

**TARIFF FIGHT**

RAGING OVER ENGLAND LIKE AN AMERICAN CONFLICT.

Wm. J. Bryan Views it and Writes It Up Briefly for a New York Newspaper

New York, Dec. 14.—Wm. J. Bryan sends the following dispatch to the Journal from London:

London, Dec. 14.—An American feels at home in England just now, for he constantly reads in the newspapers and hears on the streets the tariff arguments so familiar in the United States.

I can almost imagine myself in the midst of a presidential campaign with import duties as the only issue.

Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, lately secretary for the colonies, left the cabinet some three months ago in order to present to the country the tariff policy which he believes to be necessary.

I heard Mr. Chamberlain's speech at Cardiff, the chief city of Wales. It was an audience largely made up of wage earners, and his appeals were adroit and elicited an enthusiastic response.

He dwelt at length on the tin industry, figured the growth of the industry from 1882 to 1892 and showed that during the next decade the tin industry had suffered by the establishment of tin plate mills in the United States.

In discussing retaliation he seemed to assume what the protectionists have often declared, namely, that the foreigner pays the tax; and his argument was that England ought to tax the goods coming in from other countries, if other countries taxed goods imported from England.

I have attended a number of meetings of the opposition. The last was that at which Lord Rosebery made his reply to Mr. Chamberlain.

I will not attempt to predict the outcome of this fierce controversy.

I have missed my guess on a similar controversy in the United States and I shall not venture a prophecy in a foreign land.

Mr. Chamberlain's opponents believe that a return to protection would be taken as a renunciation of England's ambition to be "mistress of the seas," and that it would preclude commercial isolation.

It is a battle of giants over a great question, and all the world is interested in the result.

**A STORY BY BROTHER FRANCIS**

IT IS TOLD FOR THE BENEFIT IT MAY BE TO OTHERS.

Brother Francis of St. Philip's Home for Industrious Boys, 417 Broome st., New York City, says: "Having given all other remedies a trial without success, I consider Father John's Medicine the best for bronchial troubles, it being the only remedy to give me permanent relief. I recommend it to others likewise troubled with the same results."

Father John's Medicine for sale in Newark, at Collins & Son's drug store.

**Wins a Fortune at Poker.**

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 14.—Tom Leonard, a sporting man of this city, is credited with winning \$44,000 on a pair of deuces in the Kentucky club at Hot Springs, Ark., while sitting in a game of stud poker. He writes that in it were Billy Shannon, one Swift of Chicago, himself and two others. Shannon had a possible straight. Leonard a possible flush, another an ace, king, five and deuce exposed at different suits, not a pair being in sight when the final betting began. At the finish it developed Leonard and Shannon had been bluffing. When it came to a showdown a pair of deuces won the enormous pot.

**WASHINGTON DAY BY DAY.**



**QUAY AND ALDRICH.**  
Senator Quay wears a coat that looks as though it had been built by a civil engineer. His mind is so filled with plans for making two or three states out of the southwest territories that he hasn't time to think or care about the cut of his Prince Albert. It's quite a job to make states when the majority is against you. Aldrich, the other man in the picture, was once a ball player. Now he's a senator with money enough to cover his state, Rhode Island, with \$2 bills. He says trusts are not harmful.

**CONCERNING PIES.**

When and How to Make Them, on the Best of Authority.

Dame, get up and bake your pies, Bake your pies, bake your pies, Dame, get up and bake your pies On Christmas day in the morning.

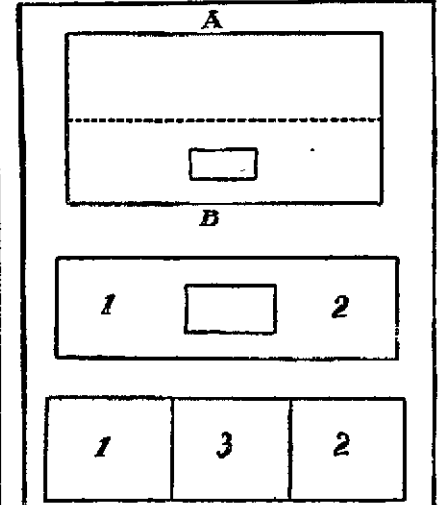
Evidently Mother Goose, dear old soul, was in advance of her day and generation in the art of cookery as well as in matters that pertain to the bringing up of children and sundry other perplexing questions of the day. That Mother Goose was at the front of matters of cookery is evidenced by the fact that in those days, when pies were made in advance by the hundred, the plates on which they were baked being handed around the neighborhood, she advised all good housewives to bake their Christmas pies on Christmas morning—that is, on the day in which they were to be eaten.

But the world moves, and today, though pastry may be prepared the day beforehand, pies, in the usual acceptance of the term, are not "put together" until the day in which they are to be served.

Having declared her convictions in the foregoing words in the Boston Cooking School Magazine, such good authority as Janet M. Hill has given, among other interesting and practical items, the following instructions for making puff paste:

Wash thoroughly a mixing bowl, the hands or a wooden spatula, first in hot, then in cold, water. Fill the bowl with cold water or let it stand with the water from the faucet falling into it and work in the water half a pound, or one cup, of butter until it becomes smooth and pliable. Then pat until it is absolutely free from water and shape into a flat, square cake. If the room is cool do not chill the butter on ice, since its use is to be avoided if possible.

Sift together half a pound, or two cups, of flour and one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt. Reserving two spoon-



**ROLLING OUT PUFF PASTE.**

fuls in the dredger for dusting the board, mix the flour to a stiff dough, using just as little water as possible; then toss on to the board and knead until smooth and elastic, cover and let stand from three to five minutes, then pat and roll out into a rectangular shape. Put the piece of butter on the center of the lower half of the paste and fold the other half over it, letting the edge A fall on B. Press the edges together tightly on the open side and ends to keep in the air. The second diagram now represents the paste. Fold the end marked 1 under and the end marked 2 over the paste inclosing the butter and press the edges together tightly. Cover and let stand from three to five minutes. Turn the paste half way around, pat gently with the pin and roll out into a long strip (third diagram), keeping the butter inclosed in the paste and the ends and sides even, as herein in large measure lies the success of the undertaking. Fold the end marked 1 over 3 and 2 over 1, making three even layers with straight edges; press the edges together and turn the paste half way around, so as to roll in the opposite direction. Repeat the folding, turning and rolling until the paste has been given six turns: Cut out as desired, chill thoroughly on ice and bake on the lower floor of the oven.

This gives a pastry in which the layers are very distinct. If two tablespoonfuls of butter be worked into the flour before the water is added a tender crust will result, but the layers will not be so distinct.

**Nut Salad.**

For a nut salad use equal quantities of crisp celery cut in inch pieces and either blanched almonds or English walnuts. Serve on lettuce with a large spoonful of dressing made as follows: To the yolks of two eggs beaten very light add half a teaspoonful each of mustard and salt and beat again. Add slowly, continuing to beat, four tablespoonfuls of melted butter and six tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Cook in a double kettle until it thickens and is creamy. Before using, and when perfectly cold, add one cupful of whipped cream.

**Omar Rechauffe.**

An Old Time Cook-book, simpler far than now.  
A Loaf of Homemade Bread, no Fuss, no Row.  
But Bridget singing as she cleans the Sink—  
Oh, such a Home were Paradise now!  
I sometimes think how Wonderfully Good Waffles would taste instead of Breakfast Food.  
And how the Clothes would Last if Washed at Home—  
But what's the use of such a yearning Mood?  
Let make the most of Maids today; the End May be that, Servantless, we shall de-spond.  
To dwell in hure Co-operative Plants, Sans Privacy, sans Hope, sans Homes to tend.  
Ah, Bridget, fill the Coffee Cup that clears Thy, at least of our Domestic Wars.  
Tomorrow Maid and Mistress both may be Swept from the Path of the Progressive Years!  
—Life.

**A SPANISH PIRATE**

[Copyright, 1903, by C. B. Lewis.]

One afternoon in the year 1803, was the Jane Snow of Newburyport, bound for the West Indies, and sighted Porto Rico, a pirate brig appeared to windward. She had been so often described that there was no mistaking her. She was a Spanish craft familiarly known as the Black Devil.

Josiah Marsh was skipper of the Snow, and his crew numbered twelve men. As he had no guns aboard and as the craft was a slow sailer he ordered out the longboat, and everybody got into her, and the Snow was abandoned. The pirates chased the longboat for a couple of hours, but as the wind was light they could not come up with her.

Then they returned to pick up the Snow. She was loaded with staves and lumber, and there was little or nothing aboard of her the fellows could make use of. They dared not set fire to her, and the holes bored in her bottom only waterlogged her. A cat and a parrot were left aboard, and in revenge the pirates tortured the cat to death and hung the parrot to one of the beams of the cabin.

As the longboat, with Josiah Marsh and his crew aboard, ran down through the Mona passage they met the British frigate Courier, and gave her the news. They had left the pirate craft forty miles behind them, but the Englishman was prompt to go in search. The Americans asked that they might be taken aboard and serve until the Black Devil was destroyed, and their request was complied with.

In a spirit of bravado the pirate captain had entered her capture on the log and had added that he should cruise for a week between Porto Rico and Barbados. Accident had changed his plans, however. As his craft lay alongside the Snow their rigging became entangled, and the Black Devil had her fore topmast sprung. She came to anchor under the lee of one of the Virgin islands to repair damages and had just got all autano when the Courier hove in sight.

The Englishman knew that he must disguise his ship if he wished to get near the Spaniard. As he took up the pursuit he began to overhaul his top hamper, and after a few hours the smart frigate looked as slovenly as any merchantman afloat. The pirate let herself be overhauled to within a mile before she flew the black flag, and as the emblem floated to the masthead she fired the first gun. She mounted twelve guns and had a crew of 118 men. The frigate mounted twenty-four guns and a crew of 140.

It was not many minutes before the pirate found that he had been tricked. He would then have got away, but the breeze fell, and he was under the guns of the Courier. The only thing to the credit of the Black Devil was the fight she made against superior force. Capture meant the halter, and for four long hours the pirates stood up to their work. At the end of that time they had lost eighty men, half their guns were dismounted, and the brig had been hulled so often that there was five feet of water in her hold. She was still fighting when the frigate ran her aboard and poured fifty men on her decks. In ten minutes they had possession.

Little of value was found aboard the brig, as she had just returned to her cruising ground, but many of the articles removed are to be found in the British museum today. She was regularly fitted out with a stock of implements of torture. Between decks there was a large caldron set in brickwork and close by a stock of seven barrels of oil. She had thumbscrews by the dozen, spiked boots, the racks and benches used in the inquisition, and indeed nothing was lacking in the torture line.

Only twenty-eight men of the pirate's crew lived to be taken prisoners. Among them was her fourth or fifth captain, whose name was Alvarez. He was a man of thirty, and a greater fiend never lived. He was the last man to give in and was so severely wounded that for some days it was a question whether he would live or die.

The brig was so badly knocked about that she foundered, and the frigate landed the pirates in Jamaica for trial. They were a swaggering, boasting, defiant lot. Not one of them would turn king's evidence, nor did any fear death.

In cold blood, and knowing they would be used against them, the captain, mate and several of the crew made statements which held them up as veritable devils. The captain had only engaged in two captures, and both vessels were English. One had a crew of fifteen and the other of eighteen men. He boasted that some of them had lived six hours after their torture commenced. He said that with his own hand he had cut off the ears, toes and fingers of a merchant captain and then spiked him down on his own deck with no less than fourteen ship nails.

The mate had been with the brig from the outset of her career. It took him two days to make his "confession." All the implements of torture were in his charge, and he was the one who directed their application. He said he had been the death of 100 English, French and American sailors, and there was sufficient corroborative evidence to prove that he was not boasting. The trial of the pirates lasted about a week, and they were given two more in which to prepare for death. Not one of them weakened in the slightest, and they sang songs and joked with each other as they went to the gallows. M. O'LEAD.

**Winter is On in Dead Earnest.**



Cold, icy blasts will fall to your lot for a long time to come, and you had better get next to a good, Comfortable Suit or a Warm Winter Overcoat, without further delay. No use putting it off, when you can buy clothing at the prices we are selling for now. Our tables are groaning under great stacks of the best that is made. Look around you—see the goods that are offered at other stores and the prices that are asked, then come here and see what we save you.

**OVERGOATS**

Late purchases and Overcoats on back order have swelled our line bigger than we expected. In order to move them and reduce them in number, and prepare our room for Spring improvements, we will offer to the public a BIG HARVEST in the way of a

Get on all Overcoats for the

Next 15 Days, Beginning,

Today, December 8, 1903.

**The GREAT WESTERN**

South Side Clothiers.

Studies in Fruit, Game, Etc. Portraits in Water Colors, Crayons, Etc.

PICTURES FRAMED TO ORDER

**IDEAL ART STUDIO**

NEWARK, O.

27 North Second St. Op. Auditorium

**Guy & McGonagle**

MONUMENTS, TOMBS, TABLETS.

All Work Promptly Erected.

Avalon Building.

Newark, Ohio.

**WEATHER BULLETIN**

(Copyrighted 1903 by W. T. Foster.)

Washington, Dec. 13.—Last bulletin gave forecasts of disturbance to cross continent 16 to 20, warm wave 15 to 19, cool wave 18 to 22. Next disturbance will reach Pacific coast about 20, cross west of Rockies by close of 21, great central valleys 22 to 24, eastern states 25. Warm wave will cross west of Rockies about 20, great central valleys 22, eastern states 24. Cool wave will cross west of Rockies about 23, great central valleys 25, eastern states 27.

The above disturbance will be of no importance till its warm wave has passed. Then will come a cold wave of very considerable force. The warm wave will not go very much above normal but the cold wave will go far downward in degrees of temperature. The central path of this cold wave will probably include Manitoba, north part of Lake Michigan, Cincinnati and then eastward. Temperature of the week ending 21 will average below and rainfall about normal.

Those desiring long-range weather forecasts for any purpose will receive valuable information by enclosing 2-cent stamp to P. O. box 123, Washington, D. C.

Jim Anderson says all rabbits that have been killed this fall have six heavy front teeth.

Hermann's Fur Gloves make the hands as snug as a bug in a rug.

**Closing Out Sale.**

As I expect to close out my stock of hoots, shoes, rubbers, etc., I will offer same at prices below cost. Call early and get choice of the stock.

JOHN HISER.

12-S-d-4f No. 7 North Fourth St.

Ethnologists of the Smithsonian institution have investigated the Philippines, with results that are of rare interest to science. They have called attention to the fact that in the veins of the tribes of the archipelago flows the blood of all the races and varieties of mankind.

**Humors**

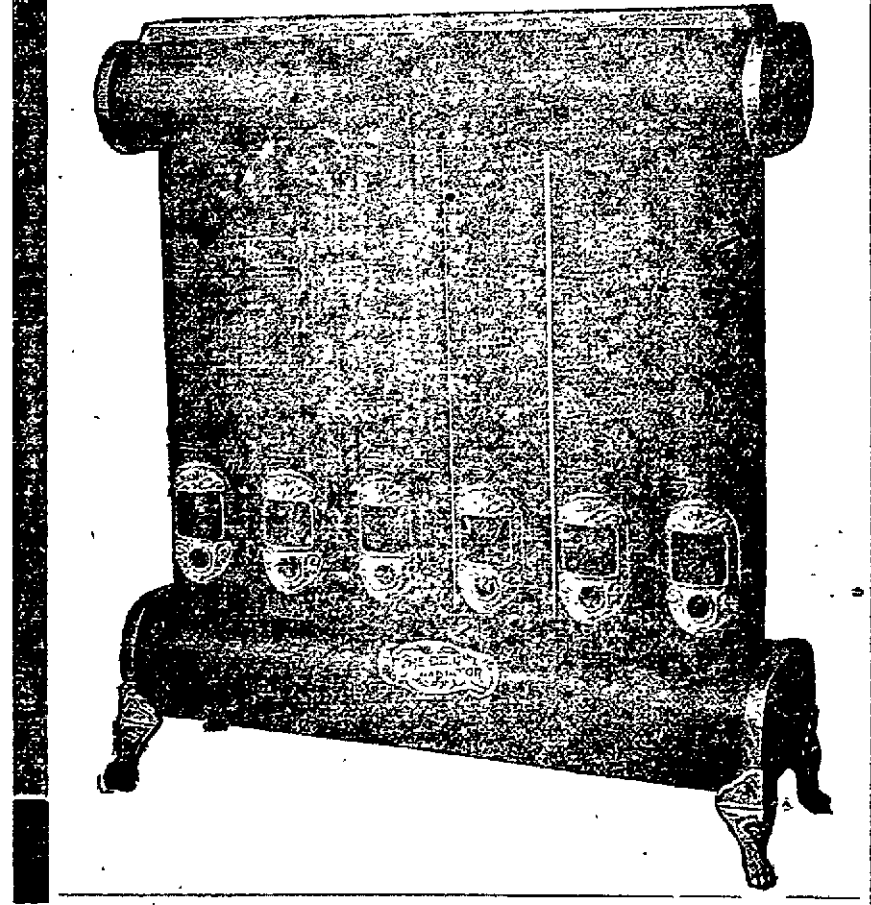
They take possession of the body, and the Lords of Mirth. They are attended by pimples, boils, the itching tetter, salt rhum, and other cutaneous eruptions; by feelings of weakness, languor, general debility and what not. They cause more suffering than anything else.

Health, Strength, Peace and Pleasure require their expulsion, and this is positively effected, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, by

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Which radically and permanently drives them out and builds up the whole system.

**Stephan's Dept. Store**

The Odin Radiators, sectional burners, are the greatest Heaters and Gas-Savers on the market. We have them in all sizes.



Two Burner Odin Radiator at.....\$4.00  
Three Burner Odin Radiator at.....\$5.00  
Four Burner Odin Radiator at.....\$6.00  
Six Burner Odin Radiator at.....\$7.50

Double Trading Stamps all This Week.

**G. L. & A. S. Stephan**

Department Store

Both Phones. Cor. 4th and Main Streets.

**DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS**

From December 10 to December 20.

Also a \$300 Piano Given Away. Clothing at 20 per cent. off.

**Dolls! Toys! Christmas Candies!**

Enormous Line of Holiday Goods.

**The Newark Merchandise Co.**

20 West Main Street.

**WM. J. SHIELDS, Jr.**

Real Estate Bought and Sold.

Read Advocate Want "Ads." Page 3.

## Hermann's Lucky Purchase Sale Is a Hummer.

But, it's no wonder, when you can buy Men's high grade, all wool suits and overcoats that if they had been bought early in the season, would retailed at \$15.00, but owing to our lucky purchase, enables us to sell these fine clothes at

**\$10.00**

Here is a chance to save \$5.00 on a suit or overcoat if you buy now.

### SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK.

Natural wool shirts and drawers, worth 73c \$1.00, now

Wright's wool, fleeced shirts and drawers, worth \$1.50, now

Good cotton fleece shirts and drawers 23c up. Wool Socks 12 1-2c a pair and upward.

**Geo. Hermann.**

No. 5 West Side Square.  
We Lead in Fine Goods at Low Prices.

## Our Great Sale

Is still progressing. Many people availed themselves of the opportunity of buying handsome Xmas presents Saturday at greatly reduced prices, owing to our special fire sale. Our large stock is still practically unbroken, however, and you will do well to call before buying your Christmas presents.

**"Get The Habit."**

**The A. L. Norton Co.**

**Christmas Novelties.**

**Books, Stationery, Etc.**

**Union Block, Church St.**

## GRANVILLE

College Literary Societies Give an Extra—People Coming to Newark Concert—Personals.

Granville, O., Dec. 14.—The Philomathean and Franklin Literary societies of Denison gave an extra in Recital hall on Saturday evening, and notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather there was a large audience in attendance, who greatly enjoyed the following program:

Philo-Franklin Staff, Double Quartet. Essay, W. E. Wickenden. Sketches, Kate Chambers. L'Abelle, (The Bee), Schubert. Berceuse from Josselyn, Goddard, Frank B. Amos. Poems, F. S. LaRue. "The Four J's," Ruth McKibben. Corn Song, Taylor, Lista Geil. Crescent, Frances Johnson, Bettye Corpering and Helen LeCrone.

The musical numbers on the program were especially fine and appreciated by all.

Miss Blanche Bowman of the Club House of Shepardson College is quite ill with pleurisy.

Miss Amy Zimmerman of Shepardson College, is suffering with severe attack of rheumatism, and will probably leave school before the term closes.

The Denison Glee and Mandolin Club will give a concert in Taylor Hall, Newark, on Saturday evening.

Miss Frances Greenwood of Columbus, who has been visiting friends in Newark for some days, returned home Saturday.

Miss Flavia Barriek of Cleveland is visiting at the home of her father on Pearl street for a few days.

A large number of the music loving people of this place will attend the concert at the Auditorium in Newark this evening, given by the great Italian band.

When in doubt get a Whitley Exercise at Horney & Edmiston's book store. Nothing better for a gift. 2t

Drink CONSUMERS Pure Beer. 1t

Shelled rice and golden pop corn two years old, at Kerr's grain and feed store, 22 West Church street. 12-3td

## COL. CLEM

LAST OF CIVIL WAR VETERANS TO RETIRE IN 1915.

Former Newark Boy Will be Last of "Old Guard"—To Retire as a Brigadier General.

If he lives until 1915 the last officer on the active list of the United States army who saw active service in the Civil War will go upon the retired list. This will be just fifty years after the close of the war. The "Old Guard," as the Civil War veterans now holding commissions in the United States army are known, is dwindling rapidly, the recent retirements having reduced their number to seventy. Two of these veterans, who occupy important positions, will not retire for several years yet. One is Judge Advocate-General George B. Davis, who will remain in active service until 1911, and the other, Commissary-General John F. Weston, who does not retire until 1913. The last of the "Old Guard," if he lives, will be Lieut.-Col. John L. Clem, formerly of Newark, now of the Quartermaster's Department, who will be eligible for retirement on account of age on August 13, 1915.

This officer, who is depot quartermaster at San Antonio, Texas, is the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh." Few who served in the great struggle of the sixties have a more dramatic record. He was an orphan when he was broke out, in 1861, and although, but ten years of age, tried to follow the troops to the war as a drummer boy. Time and again he was refused, but in May, 1863, he succeeded in securing a place with the 22d Michigan Volunteers and accompanied that regiment as a musician and lance sergeant. He was at last in the army, although not quite 12 years old. At the battle of Shiloh, or Pittsburg Landing, his drum was shot to pieces, and his gallant conduct earned for him the title of the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh," since woven into verse and drama. At Chickamauga he threw away his drum and carried a musket, and it is related of him that when a Confederate soldier called on him to surrender and rushed at him with drawn sabre, little Johnny Clem used his musket to such advantage that the Confederate was left on the field and the drummer boy escaped.

Col. Clem was mustered out of the volunteer service in September, 1864. He returned to his home in Ohio, spent several years at school, and finally received an appointment to the army from civil life in September, 1872. He recently came into public notice by his indignant disclosure of an attempt to bribe him by a contractor sending him a box of cigars in which was concealed a \$100 bill. Clem will be the last of the "Old Guard" and will undoubtedly retire with the star of Brigadier-General.

Carrying out its idea of "paying nobody a profit" the Standard Oil company has stations of its own in all the important ports of the world, and in many European cities delivers "white" oil at the consumer's kitchen door.

## THE Y. M. C. A.

Fine Address by Rev. C. L. Work of Granville—Seats for Entertainments Now Selling.

Yesterday was one of the best Sundays the Y. M. C. A. has had this season. At 2 o'clock a fine group of boys met in the parlors to continue their study of "The Travels of Paul." From 3 to 3:30 the Denison mixed quartet rendered one of their delightful half-hour programs in Taylor Hall. The promptness with which the men gathered yesterday is evidence that they wanted to make sure of this part of the service. The address by the Rev. Chas. L. Work of Granville, was as clean and ringing a gospel call as it has been our privilege to hear for some time. His appeal was clear and convincing and moved a number to declare their desire to live the Christian life.

Forty-five men remained to the three Bible Study groups. Interest in these studies is deepening from Sunday to Sunday, and much good is being accomplished through them.

The capacity of the two large tables in the social room upstairs was tested at the lunch hour. The genuine fellowship of this informal supper hour is one of the real delights of a Sunday afternoon at the Y. M. C. A.

Reserved seats for both the Thursday night entertainment, Albert Arm strong presenting "The Sky Pilot," and the Saturday night concert of the Denison university Glee and Mandolin Clubs, are now on sale at the Y. M. C. A. office.

## THE RAILWAYS

In addition to the laying off of quite a number of men in the shops of the B. & O. railway company, the section gangs along the road are now being reduced. From five men the gangs have been reduced to three, and the hours have been reduced from ten to nine. The order is effective all along the line.

The Pennsylvania lines west received 31 new passenger coaches for through trains this week, completing their order for 95 cars for 1903. They have also placed orders for 57 new passenger cars to be completed by April 1, 1904.

There is to be a general advance in grain rates from this territory to the seaboard effective today. The advance is the regular one made every year at this time.

About the first of the year, Engineer Jack Thonberg of the B. & O. railway expects to retire from active service with the railroad. January 1 will mark the end of the 47 years of faithful service in the employ of the B. & O. He began railroading when a young man and almost all of his career has been spent at Helper's switch near Norwich, where he is at present engineer of the helper engine which aids in pushing the heavy trains over the hill near Norwich. He is one of the oldest employees of the company in point of years of service.—Zanesville Signal.

### Local Railway News.

General Superintendent Lorce of the B. & O. railroad, arrived in Newark on Sunday from Pittsburg, coming via Chicago Junction. He spent the greater part of the day in the city.

Brakeman H. L. Walton, who has been off on leave of absence for some days, has been marked up for service.

Conductor F. F. Funk is laying off for a few trips.

Brakeman W. A. Deck is working again after having been off for a short time.

Brakeman C. F. Taylor of the C. & N. division, has returned to work after a short absence.

The employees of the Pan Handle at this point received their monthly salaries on Saturday.

Brakeman M. J. Davis has been marked up for service after having been off for a few trips.

The "cows in the yard office of the B. & O. at this point have been nicely repaired and now present a much improved appearance.

Conductor C. M. Reel of the C. & N. division, has returned to work after having been off duty for a few days.

Conductor J. R. Bowers has been marked up for service after a short absence.

Fireman C. H. Westlake has been taking a few days rest.

Brakeman D. M. Hukill has O. K'd for work on the C. & N. division after a short absence.

Conductor L. Sullivan is laying off for a few trips.

Brakeman G. M. Caricoffe is off on leave of absence.

Conductor G. W. Donavin in stepping off an engine at the B. & O. depot, slipped and fell, badly spraining one of his ankles.

Yard Brakeman J. C. Murphy after having been off duty for a few days, has returned to work.

Yard Brakeman R. W. Young is working again after a short absence.

Yard Conductor R. J. McDermott has resumed his duties after a short absence.

Yard Conductor Wm. Wylie is laying off for a short time.

Night Yard Clerk Charles DeArmett is on the sick list.

Brakeman F. C. Ford is suffering with a severe attack of gout.

Brakeman C. J. Perkins is laying off for a few days, and it is said that his principal object in obtaining leave of absence is to get married.

Drink CONSUMERS Pure Beer. 1t

## CORONER

CALLED TO RAILROAD STREET SUNDAY AFTERNOON

By a Report That a Man Had Committed Suicide, but the Man was in a Drunken Stupor.

About 2:30 Sunday afternoon Chief of Police James S. Sheridan received a telephone call to come to 121 Railroad street, where a man had committed suicide. When the Chief arrived he found a man named Allbaugh, who, it was said, had taken blue vitriol. Dr. C. F. Leage was summoned and found the fellow suffering from the effects of too much liquor. He had a bottle of blue vitriol in his pocket but had not taken any of it.

John H. Watkins, a prominent farmer residing north of the city, was arrested by officers C. L. Brooke and John Scott for allowing his horse to stand in front of the Manhattan hotel for 12 hours Saturday, without food or water.

Two drunks drew a fine of \$5 and costs each Monday morning.

To improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion, try a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Mr. J. H. Seitz, of Detroit, Mich., says: "They restored my appetite when impaired, relieved me of a bloated feeling and caused a pleasant and satisfactory movement of the bowels." There are people in this community who need just such a medicine. For sale by all druggists. Every box warranted.

Joe Harris says that turkeys have double-strength breastbones, which is always a sign of cold weather.

Hermann, No. 5 West Side Square, has double-breasted suits and overcoats that help brave a blizzard without a chill.

Drink CONSUMERS Pure Beer. 1t

### A. M. E. FAIR

The A. M. E. church will give a grand fair December 16-17. Warm meals during each day and festival with music each evening. There will be a beautiful quilt given away. The public is cordially invited. J. Merchant, Manager. 11-5t

## HARRY HOOVER

IS STILL CONFINED IN PRISON HOSPITAL.

Doctor Says He Will Remain There One or Two Weeks Longer—His Condition.

Columbus, O., Dec. 14.—When the Advocate correspondent visited the Ohio penitentiary today, Harry J. Hoover, the Newark bank cashier, was still confined to the prison hospital, where he has been since he entered the prison a week ago today to begin his five year sentence.

His condition is reported today to be rather more favorable than when he was received, but he is still in a highly nervous state, complicated by physical disorders. It is stated today that he will be required to remain in the hospital at the prison at least a week longer and possibly for two weeks. Hoover converses with the newspaper men who are permitted to see him.

All accounts circulated in Newark and published in another paper to the effect that he is not treated as other prisoners is nonsense, because he has been and is a sick man. His condition is by no means critical, but nevertheless he is not a well man by any means.

Hoover takes exception to the following published paragraph:

"He is convicted by self-confession, yet he has attempted to cast suspicion on honest men and even the dead are not free from his insinuations."

He wants it understood that never has he at any time or in any manner said a single word to intimate that any dead man is responsible for the state of affairs at the bank. It fact he has said that such is not the case.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 11.—The newspaper Sabashnaya states that an unprecedented immigration movement of Jews toward America is in progress in Northwestern Russia. They are leaving practically en masse, all classes and ages. The paper asserts that special steamship agencies have been opened in several towns to facilitate the movement.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 14.—Thos. Kelly, a Bell telephone lineman, was shocked to death by a live wire this morning.

Washington, Dec. 11.—Rev. Edward Everett Hale, the celebrated Massachusetts divine, was selected as chaplain of the Senate at the Caucus of the Republican Senators this morning.

The consumption of pig iron in the United States for the year is estimated at 2,000,000 tons and the furnaces have been producing on that basis, but production of pig iron has been somewhat ahead.

The diversity of tongues to be found in one country is often a matter of surprise. Last year the Bible Society's agents sold the Scriptures in 50 languages in the Russian Empire; in 25 languages in Burma; in 20 in South Malaya; and 33 in the Egyptian agency.

## E. F. COLLINS & CO.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

We Have the Finest and Largest Stock in the City of

X  
M  
A  
S

PRESENTS.

Daby Spoons, 75c to \$1.75.  
Bag Tags, from \$1 to \$2.  
Bake Dishes from \$5 to \$9.  
Belt Pins from \$1 to \$4.  
Bouillon Spoons \$10 to \$18.  
Bracelets from \$1 to \$12.  
Bread Trays \$3 to \$15.  
Brooches, \$1 to \$150.  
Butter Spreaders, 25c to \$1.50.  
Candle Sticks, \$2 to \$7.  
Carving Sets, \$3 to \$12.  
Chains, \$2 to \$20.  
Charms, \$1 to \$40.  
Child's Set, \$1 to \$4.  
Cigar Cutters, \$1 to \$6.  
Cigar Jars, \$4 to \$10.  
Cigarette Cases, \$3 to \$6.  
Cologne Bottles, \$1.75 to \$4.  
Coffee Spoons, 50c to \$1.  
Combs \$1 to \$4.  
Cork Screws, \$2 to \$5.  
Crumb Trays, \$2 to \$5.  
Cuff Buttons, \$1.50 to \$20.  
China, \$1 to \$25.  
Cut Glass, \$1.75 to \$75.  
Decanters, \$8 to \$30.  
Ear Studs, \$2 to \$50.  
Emblem Goods, \$1 to \$4.  
Fan Chains, \$2 to \$10.  
Flasks, \$3 to \$16.  
Fobs, \$1.50 to \$20.  
Hat Marks, 25c to \$1.25.  
Hat Pins, 50c to \$4.  
Ink Stands, \$1.25 to \$8.  
Jewel Boxes, \$2 to \$9.  
Key Rings, \$2 to \$2.50.  
Knives—Pocket, \$1 to \$12.  
Knives—Table, \$15 to \$30.  
Ladles, \$1.25 to \$10.  
Lockets, \$1.25 to \$20.  
Match Boxes, \$1.50 to \$22.50.  
Napkin Rings, \$1 to \$3.  
Neck Chains, \$2 to \$9.  
Oyster Forks \$8.50 to \$16.  
Pen Holders, \$1 to \$2.  
Punch Bowls.  
Rings, 75c to \$450.  
Salts and Peppers, \$1.50 to \$4.  
Salad Forks, \$15 to \$20.  
Scissors \$1.50 to \$4.  
Shaving Cups, \$4 to \$10.  
Smoking Sets, \$3.50 to \$6.  
Soup Spoons, \$7 to \$24.  
Stick Pins, 75c to \$40.  
Studs, 75c to \$150.  
Suspenders, \$2.50.  
Tea Strainers, \$2 to \$4.  
Thumbtacks, 50c to \$4.50.  
Toilet Sets, \$10 to \$25.  
Urns, \$12 to \$15.  
Umbrellas, \$5 to \$15.  
Vases, \$4 to \$20.  
Vest Chains, \$2 to \$20.  
Watches, \$5 to \$275.

## E. F. COLLINS & CO.

Jewelers

Y. M. C. A. Building - Newark, Ohio

## Christmas Art Display.

A great profusion of handsome and pleasing Art Vases, all hand-

decorated, strictly high art. Little and big flowers and figures, from

50 cents to \$20.00. No lover of it should lose the opportunity of see-

ing this grand display in the H. D. Munson Music Store, 27 West

Main Street. Exhibition in charge of

**MISS TWIGGS.**

## HOLIDAY SLIPPERS!

Can Suit all Members of the Family

Styles and Prices to Suit.

**Linehan Bros.**

IF YOU WANT

**Blank Books**

Made to Order for 1904.

Order now from the **Advocate Printing Co.** By doing so you will have them ready for the beginning of the year.

## HOLIDAY SLIPPERS!

Men's slippers, Faust slippers in Black

**\$1.25.**

Mufflers in Black and Tan

**\$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50.**

Opera Slippers in Tan, Black, Wine

**\$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50.**

Everetts in Black and Tan

**\$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50**

Fancy flowered and alligator slippers.

**50c**

Men's Bath Room Slippers.

**50c**

Boys' Slippers in flowered and alligator

**50c**

Boys' Black Nullifiers, Dongola and Kid Stock

**\$1.00**

Women's Slippers, Black Felt, fur trimmed Nullifiers of all sizes,

**79c.**

Black Quilted fur trimmed Nullifiers, all sizes.

**69c.**

Red Satin fur trimmed Nullifiers, all sizes.

**69c**

Fur trimmed Nullifiers in Red, Green, Black, Yellow and Combination colors, all sizes,

**\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00**

Ladies, fine strap slippers, in styles; sizes in Pat. Kid and Dongola stock.

**\$1.00 to \$2.00.**

Misses' and Children's slippers in Red Felt.

**33c, 45c and 49c.**

Children's Jersey Leggings, all sizes,

**50c and 65c.**

Boys' Cardigan Leggings,

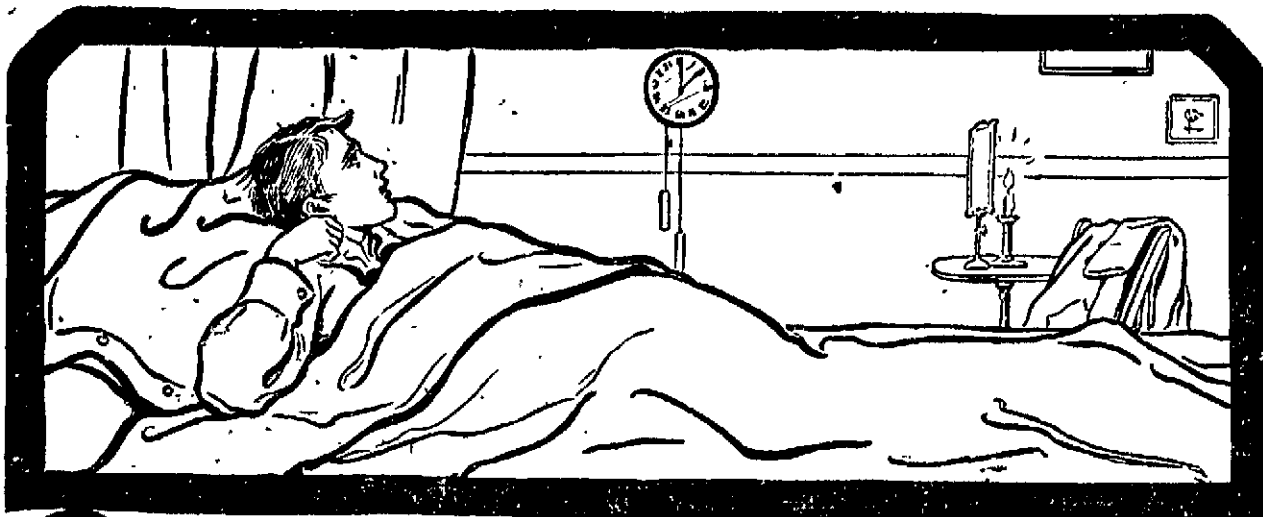
**\$1.00.**

Santa Claus is Here Waiting to Unload.

**The Sample.**

H. Beckman, Prop. 9 S. Third St.  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.





## Insomnia

There is nothing that will undermine the nervous system and mental faculties more swiftly or surely than chronic sleeplessness. Sound, restful sleep is as necessary to health as food and air. Working by day and restlessly tossing upon your pillow by night is indeed burning the candle at both ends and is sure to result in a general breakdown.

## WALTHER'S PEPTONIZED PORT

strengthens, steadies and quiets the nerves, corrects the digestion, and tones and builds up the whole system. It replaces haggard weariness with a feeling of power and stability. Walther's Peptonized Port is sold by all druggists, in two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00.

WALTHER PEPTONIZED PORT CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SOLD AT FRANK D. HALL'S DRUG ST. ORE.

### BEAUTIFUL ACTRESS BECOMES LEADING LADY



MISS LETA VANCE.

Des Moines, Iowa, Dec. 12.—Miss Leta Vance is the name of one of the prettiest of the supporters of Ollie Skinner last season and has attracted attention throughout the country for her clever dancing. She has beauty, grace and above all a good voice, and she knows how to use all of these advantages for the pleasure of the public. This season she appears with the Evans and England "Papa Boy" company as the leading lady.

### TWO AND A PLUM TREE

[Copyright, 1903, by T. C. McClure.]

They had been standing beneath the plum tree when they quarreled, or rather, when they parted.

They had set out for the plum tree with the full intention of gathering the great purple damsons which weighted its branches, but when finally they stood in the long shadow which the tree made in the afternoon sun damsons were the last things in the world of which they thought.

Betty, scarlet to the roots of her copper-colored hair, withdrew all composure from her tongue and said things which she would have indignantly disclaimed had any one repeated them to her an hour later. Jerrold listened silently, but in his eyes was a strange look which she had never seen before. When in the midst of the tirade she paused for breath, he had turned suddenly on his heel, and with a curt "goodbye" cast over his shoulder—much as a bone would be thrown to a stray dog, Betty thought—he had vanished the low fence and gone wrathfully across the pasture.

Betty watched him until a clump of scrub oak hid him from view. Then she sat down with her back against the trunk of the plum tree and thought it all over. As she thought angry tears came to her eyes, coursed down her cheeks and splashed impudently on the hands clasped tightly in her lap. She sat there until the shadow of the tree had reached the fence, and the breeze coming in from the water made her shiver. She rose and turned her face toward the scrub oaks behind which he had disappeared.

"You left rather abruptly, Mr. Jerrold Neil," she said between her white teeth, "and you may stay away as long as you please. You're hardly worth crying over," she added as she brushed away her tears.

Neil next morning sat on the veranda of the casino, solemnly rolling and smoking innumerable cigarettes, which utterly failed to bring him the peace of mind he sought. Catboats with trim white sails were darting to and fro in the bay, and each one suggested the joys of a morning sail with Betty. But the memory of the parting at the plum tree was still strong within him.

A wretched hour dragged past, and he gave up his vain attempts to interest himself in the columns of the morning paper. He lunged away his cigarette and, getting to his feet, strolled down the gravel path.

"I'm a fool," he mused, "and a brute. I needn't have left her in that fashion. By George! I'll go over to the plum tree and get some of those damsons. I'll send 'em up to her by Tom. She'll understand."

Mr. Jerrold Neil strode across the fields whistling a gay aria. He emerged from the clump of scrub oak in the pasture and walked straight for the plum tree. As he stepped the tree one note of the aria was pronounced into a whistle of surprise. Against the face of the tree was a step ladder, and among the leaves he caught a momentary flash of white muslin. Then he resumed the aria, quite as if this delightful bit of information had not been vouchsafed to him.

He took down the step ladder, folded it up and climbed down on it. So, a thing suspicious, he was aware of the man's coming, but he gave no heed. With his chin on his palm he sat on the step ladder and sighed ponderously before he began to use it.

"Mr. Neil!" Neil started violently. "Ah," he said, "my trouble has brought on hallucinations! Methought I heard my own name. 'Twas Betty's voice, but far too small and weak."

"Mr. Neil!" This time the voice was loud and clear. "There it goes again!" cried Neil. "Surely Betty's, yet she always called me Jerry, with such a pretty accent."

"Jerry, you wretch!" came the voice, accented to the queen's taste. "Oh!" said Neil. "So it's really you, eh?"

"Yes—no. Don't look up, Jerry, please put the ladder against the tree, then walk across the pasture, and don't look back."

"Don't look up, don't look back," said he mockingly. "Suppose I comply. What do I get for it?"

"What do you want, you haggler?" "A half hour's talk under the tree."

"You—you've got me cornered," she said. "I'll have to capitulate."

A few minutes later Betty sat on the step ladder, and Neil sprawled comfortably at her feet.

"Betty," he said, "I spent the most miserable morning of my life until I came over here. Tell me, when I came along were you thinking of me, or what?"

She laughed.

"I was wishing I might fall out of the plum tree and break my neck," she said.

"Madam," he said gravely, "since you are so reckless with your own life you'd better give it into my keeping."

And once more the damsons were forgotten.

BARRY PRESTON.

Holiday Cookery.

Two cups of raised bread dough, one teaspoonful each of cinnamon, nutmeg and salt, one-half cup of butter, one

cup of sugar, one cup of milk, one cup of raisins, three eggs, six cups of flour. Let raisins pour into one large and one small tin. When done, arrange as illustrated. Roundly ice. Circle with holly—Delmonico.

English Plum Pudding.

One pound of raisins, seeded; one pound of currants, well washed; one-quarter of a pound of sliced citron, one pound of bread crumbs, one pound of chopped suet, the juice and grated rind of a lemon, three eggs, beaten; a pound of suet, a grated nutmeg, a half teaspoonful of salt. Mix all the fruit thoroughly with the eggs and some milk, a little at a time, adding it carefully, to make the mixture moist enough to stick together, but not wet. Fill a greased mold, or bowl, covered with cloth and tied with string, and boil steadily for one hour.

The density of relative population of Ohio is nearly the same as that of the United States.

### EXCURSION NOTICES.

#### PAN HANDLE.

Low Fares to Oregon—January 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th, excursion tickets to Portland, Ore., account National Live Stock Association Meeting will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines. Particulars furnished upon application to Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

Reduced Fares to New Orleans—Excursion tickets to New Orleans, La., account American Historical Society, and American Economic Society, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines, December 24th, 25th and 26th. For further information apply to Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

#### HOLIDAY TRIPS

At Low Fares via Pennsylvania Lines. The Pennsylvania lines will inaugurate a new feature in reduced fare tickets for Holiday Trips this year by selling excursion tickets to all stations on those lines, instead of restricting them to 150 miles. Excursion tickets will be sold December 24th, 25th and 31st, 1903, and January 1st, 1904, good returning until January 4th, 1904. Good consulting J. L. Worth, Ticket Agent, Newark, O., for particulars.

#### MORE TERRITORY

Covered by Holiday Excursion Fares via Pennsylvania Lines. An open reduced fare will be in effect via Pennsylvania lines for Christmas and New Year holidays. Tickets will not be restricted to any distance, but will be sold December 24th, 25th and 31st, 1903, and January 1st, 1904, to any station on the Pennsylvania lines. This takes in Cleveland, Toledo, Chicago, Columbus, Cincinnati, Dayton, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis and intermediate stations in Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. The customary reduction on certificate plan for teachers and students will cover the same territory. Full particulars may be ascertained by consulting Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania lines.

#### St. Louis World's Fair Bureau

Every ticket office of the Pennsylvania lines is a FREE Information Bureau of the great World's Fair at St. Louis in 1904. The Bureau address at Newark, Ohio, is Pennsylvania ticket office, in charge of J. L. Worth. A "Rooms" booklet of St. Louis hotels and boarding houses, their location and rates, compiled by the World's Fair management, can be obtained from him; also other valuable information about the Universal Exposition.

#### Tour of Old Mexico

Via Iron Mountain route, under escort of Rean Campbell, Manager, the American Tourist Association, Quincy building, 115 Adams street, Chicago. Selected clientele, limited. All exclusive privileges, independent travel. Special Pullman vestibule train, drawing room, compartment, library and music room, with the largest dining car in the world, and the famous open top observation car, Chilliidi. Special baggage car. Tickets include all expenses everywhere. For information, address, A. A. Gallagher, D. P. A., No. 419 Walnut street, Cincinnati, Ohio, or H. C. Townsend, C. P. & T. agent, St. Louis, Mo.

REDUCED RATES.—To points South, Southeast and Southwest.—Winter Tourist Tickets will be sold via Queen and Crescent Route and Southern Railway until April 30th, at reduced rates for the round trip with stop-over privileges. Tickets good returning until May 31, 1904. For rates address W. C. Rinearson, G. P. & T. agent, Cincinnati, O.

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars to California via Iron Mountain Route. Leaving St. Louis at 8:30 a. m. daily for Los Angeles, via "True Southern Route," also Tourist Sleeping Cars on this train for Los Angeles and San Francisco every Wednesday and Thursday. Best Winter Route to California. For further information call on or address, A. A. Gallagher, D. P. A., No. 419 Walnut street, Cincinnati, O.

In elegant Pullman Sleeping Car, leaving St. Louis 3:45 p. m. daily, via Laredo Gateway. Shortest and quickest line. Excursion tickets now on sale. For further information call on or address, A. A. Gallagher, D. P. A., No. 419 Walnut street, Cincinnati, O.

New St. Louis-Hot Springs Service via Iron Mountain Route. Effective Monday, Nov. 8th. The Iron Mountain Route will inaugurate its through fast service between St. Louis and Hot Springs, Ark. Train will leave St. Louis 8:50 p. m. daily, arriving Hot Springs 9 a. m.; returning leave Hot Springs 7:30 p. m., arriving St. Louis 7:25 a. m. This train will be known as the "Hot Springs Special" up to date equipment. Trip from St. Louis to Hot Springs will be made in less than 12 hours, and will enable passengers to take supper in St. Louis, breakfast in Hot Springs. The fastest time and best equipped train to the National Sanitarium. For descriptive pamphlet, address A. A. Gallagher, D. P. A., No. 419 Walnut street, Cincinnati, O.

Drink CONSUMERS Pure Beer.

### BREVITIES

Give WHITE SWAN flour a trial. New phone 228. 10-15 ft. Try WHITE SWAN flour. Made at R. C. Diebner's new up-to-date Sifter System mill. New phone 228. 10-15 ft.

### R. R. Time Cards.

#### Baltimore & Ohio.

EAST BOUND.		
Train.	Arrive.	Depart.
104 Wheel. & Pitts. Ex.	12:25 am	12:35 am
14 Wheel. & Pitts. Ex.	8:05 am	8:15 am
102 Zanesville Accom.	7:57 am	8:10 am
101 Balt. & Wash. Ex.	12:25 pm	12:30 pm
112 Col. & Zanes. Accom.	7:15 pm	7:30 pm
108 From Columbus	8:15 pm	
109 New York Fast Ex.	8:20 pm	8:30 pm
89 Zanes. Ac. (Sunday)	7:09 pm	7:07 pm

(Columbus & Newark Div.—WEST BOUND.)

105 Cin. & St. L. Ex.	2:40 am	2:50 am
111 Zanes. & Col. Accom.	7:10 am	7:20 am
107 Columbus Express	8:45 am	9:00 am
103 Cin. & St. L. Ex.	1:30 pm	1:35 pm
113 Columbus Accom.	8:15 pm	8:30 pm
49 Col. Ex. (Sunday)	9:10 am	9:15 am

NORTH BOUND.		
17 Sandusky Accom.	7:07 am	8:10 am
14 Chicago Fast Line	8:45 am	8:55 am
2 Chicago Mail Ex.	9:40 am	9:55 am
47 Chicago Express	7:20 pm	7:30 pm

ARRIVING FROM THE NORTH.		
14 Chicago Fast Line	6:05 am	
16 Sandusky Accom.	7:30 pm	
8 Chicago Express	8:20 pm	

STRAITSVILLE DIVISION.		
DEPART.		
308 South	7:10 am	
10 South	7:40 am	

ARRIVE.		
107 From South	7:10 am	
309 From South	7:40 am	

\*Denotes daily except Sunday.

F. C. BARTHOLOMEW, Ticket Agent, Newark, Ohio.  
B. N. AUSTIN, G. P. & T. Agent, Chicago, Ill.  
D. B. MARTIN, M. P. T., Baltimore, Md.

#### PENNSYLVANIA LINES.

Westward.		
10-25 Daily	12:25 a. m.	
No. 27-Daily	12:35 a. m.	
No. 31-Daily	12:45 a. m.	
No. 23-Daily except Sunday	7:15 a. m.	
No. 27-Daily only	8:10 a. m.	
No. 31-Daily only	8:15 a. m.	
No. 19-Daily	12:25 p. m.	
No. 3-Daily	6:17 p. m.	

Eastward.		
10-8-Daily	1:35 a. m.	
No. 10-Daily	2:25 a. m.	
No. 18-Daily	10:15 a. m.	
No. 6-Daily	10:15 p. m.	
No. 25-Daily except Sunday	8:00 p. m.	
No. 35-Daily only	7:35 p. m.	
No. 20-Daily	7:30 p. m.	

J. L. WORTH, Ticket Agent, Newark, Ohio.

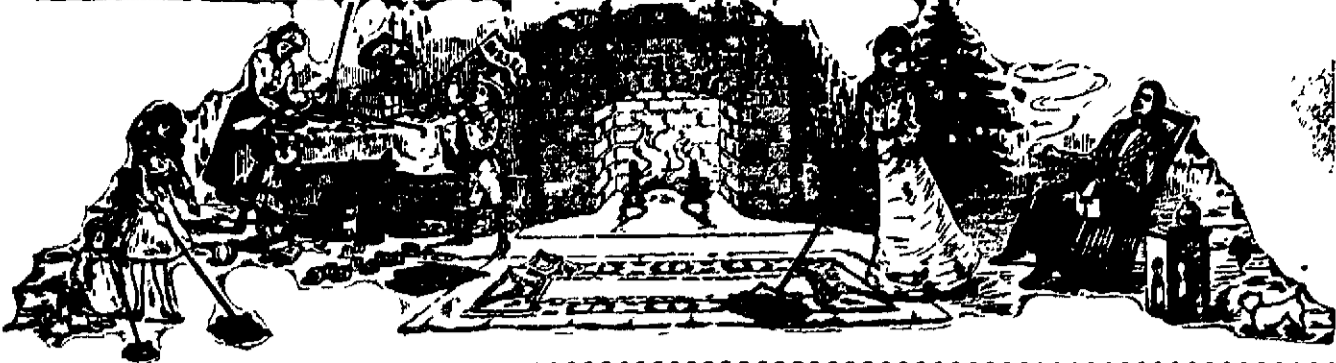
### Pittsburgh Division.

#### Pennsylvania Lines.

##### Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

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## BRISSELL'S SWEEPER MAKES A MERRY CHRISTMAS



### Now on Sale

### Christmas Pocket Books at Half Price

338 Pocket Books—The entire sample line of The Richmond Hill Pocket Book Co. Its a Christmas line consisting of Fine Seal books, sterling and gold trimmed books, fine leathers such as Morocco, Walrus, Lizard, Alligators, also hand carved books, fancy mottled leathers, Suedes both black and grey and other novelty leathers. These books range from **25c to \$8.00** each.

They will be sold at exactly half what they are marked. Making a magnificent showing at from 12c to \$4.00 each.

A big showing will be the line that usually sells at \$1.50 and \$2 each and are now marked down to **75c and \$1.00**.

**THE A. A. Griggs COMPANY**

### UNION BLOCK

Work of Rebuilding the Damaged Portion is to Commence at Once Work to be Pushed.

The Newark Real Estate and Improvement company held an important meeting on Saturday night and President E. W. Cravton gave out the following for Monday morning publication:

"We will start at once to rebuild that portion of the Union block recently damaged by fire. Frank Swartz, the well known wrecker, has charge of an army of men who are engaged in clearing away the debris of the Powers-Miller stock, as well as teaming away the useless and damaged portions of the building.

"After this is completed the timber and other material which has already been ordered is expected to be on the ground, and in the next few days the scene of the fire will be a busy place.

"The building will be done by P. S. Phillips, the well known contractor, assisted by the company's construction foreman, C. S. Tomlinson, and the new building will be ready for occupancy by April 1, if the weather is at all favorable to getting the place under roof at an early date."

### Judge Brister's Address

The third annual memorial services of New Philadelphia lodge of Elks, held in their beautiful rooms in the Alexander block, Sunday evening, was attended by a large number of people. The memorial address was delivered by Judge Brister of Newark. The Judge is a man of fine presence, an easy, graceful speaker, and his address showed careful preparation. Referring to the late Pastmaster A. E. Deardorff, who was the first member of the order in New Philadelphia, he said that his life was his most eloquent eulogy, and his character his most enduring monument. Judge Brister gave expression to many noble and eloquent sentiments which will long be remembered by all who heard them.—New Philadelphia Tribune.

### The Nucleus of a Bank Account

—WITH—

## The Licking County Bank Co.

—WILL BE—

### An Excellent Christmas Gift

For Any Member of Your Family.

**A Bank Account Encourages Economy and "ECONOMY LEADS TO WEALTH."**

**No Matter How Small. No Matter How Large**

**We Solicit Your Business.**

**The Licking County Bank Co.**

### IN NEWARK

ROOTS, WANTED AT ZANESVILLE, IS ARRESTED.

Colored Man Charged With Cutting Frank Gregory With Intent to Kill Nov. 15

Fred Roots, colored, wanted by the Zanesville police on a charge of cutting with intent to kill was arrested in Newark Saturday evening.

Roots was arrested by Officer Davis of Zanesville, assisted by the Newark police.

Roots is the man who slashed Frank Gregory, at Zanesville, November 15. He inflicted a very severe cut in Gregory's abdomen, from which a portion of the omentum protruded. The radial artery in the left wrist was perforated and the wounded man almost bled to death before he could be conveyed to the city hospital.

Gregory is employed at the S. A. Weller residence, in Zanesville, and bore the reputation of being quiet and orderly. Recently he was released from the city hospital.

Roots formerly worked in the various brick yards, but had been away from Zanesville a short time before the cutting.

The failure to deliver a ring by Gregory to a girl whom Roots asked him to give the piece of jewelry, is said to be the cause of the slashing. The police accepted this theory.

A quarrel over some cards was assigned as another reason for the crime.

### WAYSIDE TALES.

A good many people think the west has yet to produce a first-class magazine. They are those who have not seen the Christmas number of Wayside Tales from the press of Sampson-Hodges Co., Chicago. Robert Barr, Seamus MacManus, Frank H. Spearman, Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, Forrest Crissey, George Horton and a dozen others are represented in the December number of Wayside Tales just out.

### HOSPITAL

Physicians of the Opinion Mr. Maylone Will Ultimately Make a Complete Recovery.

The condition of Mr. J. M. Maylone who on Friday evening was taken to the State Hospital for the insane, was about the same on Sunday. Charles Frannon of Wellsville, a nephew of Mr. Maylone's came to Newark Saturday night, and on Sunday went to Columbus to visit his uncle. He reported that Mr. Maylone had slept well Saturday night and had taken considerable nourishment Sunday. The physicians at the hospital are of the opinion that the unfortunate man will ultimately make a complete recovery.

### FREE SAMPLE DISTRIBUTION.

Any boy or girl in the city of Newark, who has chapped, cracked or sore hands, if they will call at the Wiles Erman drug store, 33 North Third street, any time after 4 o'clock, Wednesday, Dec. 16, will receive a few samples of the wonderful healing Goodhue Soap, that will cure any one in one night. 14-2d

The use of the Whately Exerciser means health and strength without medicine. It makes a splendid Christmas present for man, woman or child. Get it at Horney & Edmiston's book store. 12-14-2t

### FOR THE POOR

SALVATION ARMY HOPES TO RAISE \$300.

Half That Sum Has Been Secured—Money Will Be Used Exclusively for Newark Poor.

Ensign Bindley wishes to say that the public has been quite liberal in contributing toward the Christmas baskets to the poor. About \$150 already has been given in goods and money. But it is the desire of the Ensign to raise at least \$300, in order to make the effort a success. The pot was placed upon the street on Saturday, but only \$2.57 was given in this manner. The pot will be on the street again to give any one a chance who would like to contribute a little more towards this Christmas cheer, which will be very much appreciated.

The money given in this manner and to this effort, will be used entirely for the relieving of the worthy and needy in Newark, and not a portion sent away, as some have supposed.

The Music Hall has been secured for the Children's entertainment and presents which will be given on New Year's night. Don't fail to give some assistance toward this worthy cause.

### Oblivion.

"The world won't forget him in a hurry."

"No, it will definitely take plenty of time to do the job thoroughly."

### Real Mean.

MacBodh Rantington—Today I read the manuscript of the play in which I am to star, and, although it doesn't quite come up to my expectations, there is one scene in which I shall do myself justice.

Soubrette—Ah! A real turkey dinner?

The Seven Stars Inn at Manchester, England, boasts of having been heated for 550 years.

## BY A TRAIN

WATCHMAN JOS. H. KING KILLED SUNDAY EVENING.

Another Victim of the Pine Street Crossing—Mr. King an Employee at Fee Lumber Mill.

The Pine street railroad crossing has added another to its list of victims, and may rightly be considered one of the most dangerous in the city. It has only been a few months since a little girl on her way home from Sunday school, was struck at this crossing by a train and hurled into eternity, and now the victim is an elderly man, Joseph H. King, who was instantly killed at the same spot, Sunday afternoon, a watch carried by the dead man having stopped at 5:22, which probably registers the time he was struck.

King was night watchman at the F. F. Fee hardwood plant, and was on his way to work when the accident happened. He lived at 21 South Sixth street, and walked up the tracks as a usual thing. On Sunday just as he got to the Pine street crossing Pan Handle No. 16, the fastest train on this division of the Pennsylvania road, came along, and although no one seems to know exactly how it happened, unless King became confused, he was struck and hurled 60 feet east of the crossing. When the first person got to him he was dead, almost every bone in his body having been broken.

Coroner C. F. Legge was notified after much difficulty, the telephone lines to his office not being in working order, and although it was a long time before he arrived on the scene he got there just as soon as it was possible to do so.

After viewing the remains he ordered them taken to Bowers & Bradley's undertaking rooms where they were prepared for burial.

The deceased leaves a wife and four step-children. The latter are J. A. and Benjamin Lee, Bessie O. Lee, and Mrs. Lulu May Morrison all of Newark.

The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon from the home, 31 South street, Rev. J. A. Rovey conducting the services.

Drink CONSUMERS Pure Beer. 1t

## DR. DOWIE

TELLS CAUSE OF HIS RECENT TROUBLES.

Story That Wife Left With Millions Started Agitation—Says Wife is Heart Broken.

Waukegan, Ill., Dec. 14.—The report that Mrs. Dowie had gone to Australia with \$7,000,000, and that her husband was to follow with other treasure of Zion, is said by Dowie to be the direct cause for the attempt to prove him bankrupt. In Smith Tabernacle Dowie addressed about a thousand followers who sat muffled up and tried to keep warm.

The report that he and his wife absconded with Zion's wealth is said by Dowie to have caused a Chicago banker to get anxious and induce small creditors to start proceedings to have him declared bankrupt. Dowie says this banker has skipped into Utah to evade service, but he says he will prosecute him on his return and the bank will soon need a new president. He will also sue Mrs. McCrimmon, of Batavia, who, he says, was a dismissed follower and wrongfully started a suit.

While a few weeks ago Dowie was to be heard railing at the Jews and declaring them unclean and unfit to help restore Jerusalem, Sunday he praised them and said that the Jews are among the best people on earth. Incidentally he mentioned that a Jew did much to help him in his receivership matter. Zion was given a new motto by Dowie: "Owe no man anything but love." He said that weekly settlements must be made by every head of Zion departments and that failures to do so will result in immediate discharge of employees.

"Just because the receivers are away," said Dowie, "everything is not settled; in fact the most important part comes now, the getting of money to pay bills, and I want you all to keep your promise to help and give in your contributions even more generously than before."

"Mrs. Dowie is deeply grieved because of the charge that she took money with her. Her heart is broken, and she needs me to comfort her. Do you want me to go to her? Answer me."

"Yes," was the reply. "Well, I'll see her in Australia in February. I haven't a word to say against her receivers, for they were very kind to me. Was I scared by the recent trouble? No sir, not one bit. Zion can't be scared by anything. There are too many millions back of it."

"I thank the Northwestern Road for setting back into the fold, for it gave us excursion trains Sunday and will give them on the 21st to our all-night meeting. We hold a big meeting in the Auditorium on December 27, a farewell to good Chicago people, before I leave for my world trip. I tried to get the Coliseum, but could not."

Farm hands in Norway receive \$40 to \$50 a year.

Some folks gather so much sunshine in this old world that when night comes they don't have to light candles.

As we Advertise so We Do.

Everything That's Good in Dry Goods

# MEYER & LINDORF SANTA CLAUS

Will be with us all next week, beginning Monday evening. Bring the little folks and let them make his acquaintance.

### 25 Doz. Ladies' Oneita Union Suits

Fine wool ribbed cream colored union suits that regularly sell for \$1.25.

While they last at **75c**

### Men's Underwear

50 doz. men's sanitary fleeced shirts and drawers, extra heavy and special at **50c each**

### Children's Underwear

**98c to 15c**

### Ladies' Vests and Pants

Our line at \$1.00 **50 and 25** cents is the best that money can buy

### A Big Gut in Fur

Note the following list of reduced prices. **\$6.50 Fur Scarf for \$5**

**\$10.00 Isabella Fox Scarfs**, good length with large bushy tails to go at **\$7.98**

**\$16.50 Fur Scarfs** to go at **\$12.50**

Note—Our fur specials at \$3.98, \$2.99, and **\$1.98**

These are winners and you will say so when you see them



**Specials From Our Ladies' Clothing Dept.**

**2 CLOAK 2 SPECIALS**

### Ladies' Cloaks

Made in extra good quality Kersey Cloth or Zibelines, satin lining, button trimmed, with or without cape effect over shoulders; come in black and light colors and would regularly sell for \$20 to \$22; our price.

**\$15.00**

### Ladies' Cloaks

Made in Kersey Cloth, black and light colors, satin lined and button trimmed; this line is assorted from our regular \$11.50, \$15.00 and \$16.50 Cloaks and marked special at

**\$10.00**

### Ladies' Suits

We have divided our Ladies' Suits in two lots that we will sell at 1-3 to 1-2 their real value.

### Ladies' Suits

SPECIAL NO. 1—Made in the latest New York style, handsomely trimmed and lined, to go at

**\$10.00**

### Ladies' Suits

SPECIAL NO. 2—This line is made in fine quality Zibelines and Melton Cloth, silk lined jackets, with or without cape effect over shoulders, well worth \$22.50 to \$25.00, to go at special,

**\$15.00**

### Ladies' Hose

In fast black and seamless, a regular 25c kind to go at a pair

**15c**

### Children's Hose

In all sizes, extra heavy ribbed to go at special a pair

**12 1-2c**

### Children's Cloaks



We have marked the entire line of Children's Cloaks at a greatly reduced price as follows

**\$3.98 coats at \$2.98.**

Children's **\$5.98 coats at \$4.39.**

Children's **\$6.98 coats at \$5.00.**

Children's **\$10 coats at \$7.50**

MEYER & LINDORF.

We Give Sperry & Hutchinson Green Trading Stamps  
**NEWARK'S GREATER STORE.**  
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

MEYER & LINDORF.

Do You Know



Your Wife Would

Be the happiest woman on earth if you were to present her with a Fine Diamond for Christmas, or for that matter, with any present you might get of us.

Our jewelry is all up to the mark, just what we say it is. An extra large and complete assortment of silverware of all kinds, bric-a-brac, diamonds and jewelry. **Our guarantee behind every article.**

**Newark's Reliable Jewelry Store.**

**L. W. STURDEVANT, 16 N. Park Place.**

### MYSTERY DISPELLED

Electric Light Baths the Cause of King Edward's Wonderful Vitality.

London, Dec. 14.—The fact that King Edward gets through so much work and yet retains unimpaired his elasticity and vigor has been a source of wonder for some time even to members of the medical profession. The explanation of the mystery is offered at last. For a month past His Majesty is said to have been taking electric light baths.

These scientific rejuvenators are installed at Windsor castle and at Buckingham palace. They are both of the double-light variety, with a projector of 2,500 candle power for use in local affections of the body, inside the bath, in which a sitting posture is

adopted, there are 52 electric lamps, which radiate any colored light desired. The light not only permeates every part of the body, but has a sort of Turkish bath effect. The lights are of colors which scientists say have curative effects on certain ailments.

### An Exception.

Friend—The land that rocks the cradle rules the world.

Henpeck—Not much, it don't! Mrs. Henpeck makes me put the baby to sleep.

### One Advantage.

Peter—Perchance I should have spoken to thy father first.

Patience—Nay; unless, perchance, thou didst wish to get the hardest part of thy task off thy hands.

Panama ranks fifth in population and seventh in area among the States of the Colombian Republic.

### An Imported Bull.

Mr. J. L. Lemley of Kinkersville, the well known Licking Valley Stock Farm man, has just returned from the big live stock show at Chicago where he purchased a valuable imported Scotch bull, the Pride of Clans, which he has just shipped to his stock farm. The animal which is now two years old and weighs 1570 pounds, is a thoroughbred Scotch bull, and was the third prize winner at the international exhibit. Stockmen of Licking and adjoining counties will be interested to know that an animal of this class is owned by a Licking county man.

Shooting at a live adversary with wax bullets, by way of duelling practice, is the latest exercise of Parisian votaries of the revolver.